

SoLID Event Generator Update

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SoLID Inclusive Event Generators

Electron Generators:

[evgen_inclusive_e](https://github.com/JeffersonLab/evgen_inclusive_e.git) https://github.com/JeffersonLab/evgen_inclusive_e.git

1. Fit F1F209

The $W < 3$ GeV Peter Bosted fit (2009)

The $W > 3$ GeV world PDF sets

2. Fit F1F221

The $W^2 < 20$ GeV² and all $Q^2 < 30$ GeV²---Christy's fit (2021)

- ✓ Significantly improved the fits to proton ($W^2 > 7$), deuteron, ^4He , ^{12}C , ^{27}Al , and ^{56}Fe (covering the full 12 GeV kinematics).
- For ^3He , all the physics components in the fit scale very well with A but the Fermi momentum parameters has not been set to a reasonable value (plan to update the fit soon).

SoLID Inclusive Event Generator

3. Radiative effects----- David Flay

- Refine the code---user friendly
- Add a scaling function on Born cross section

$$f(E_s) = 0.906 - 0.00699E_s$$

Jlab data: E94-010, E01-012 and F1F209 (Fortran code to calculate F1 and F2
---P. Bosted and V. Mamyan)

4. Add energy loss calculation routines---Jixie

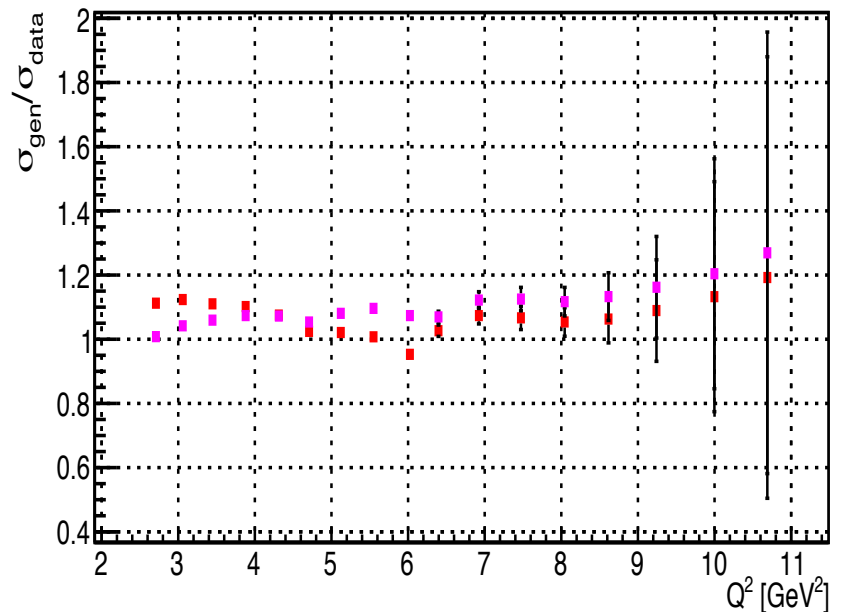
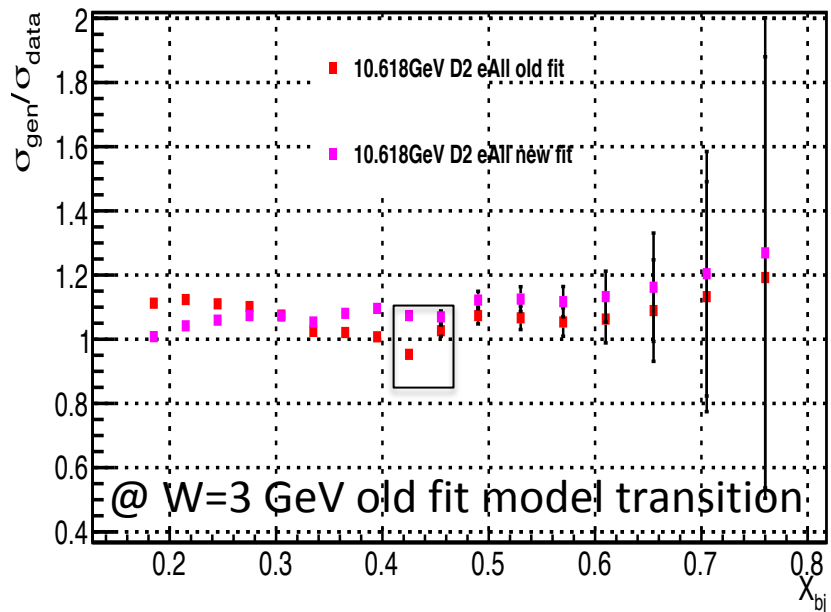
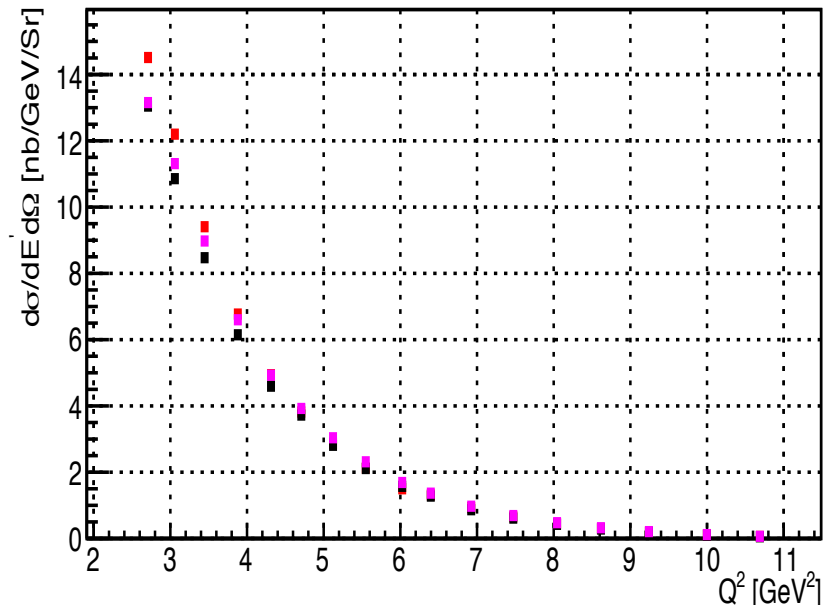
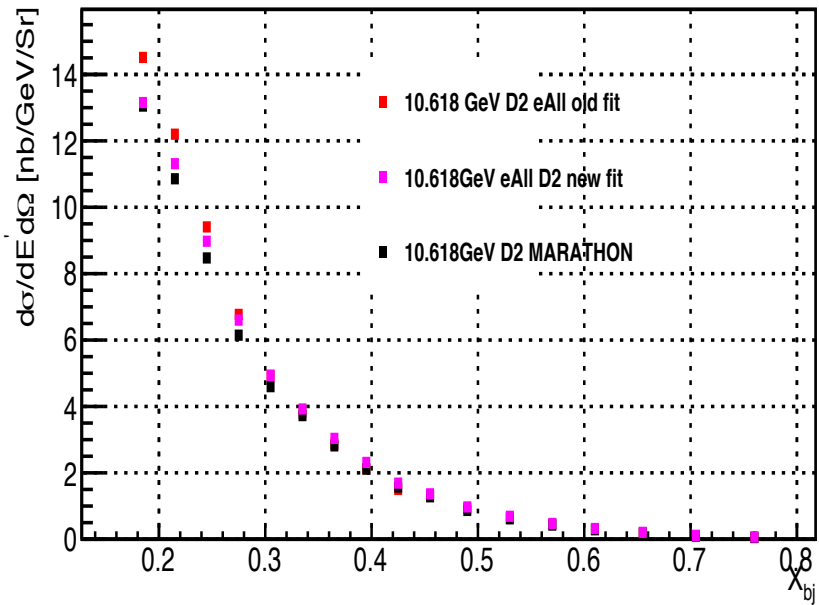
- After Eloss Kinematics E_i , W_i , Q^2_i , X_i , and y_i

➤ [eicRate \(eDIS\) /group/solid/solid_svn/evgen/eicRate_20101102/](#)

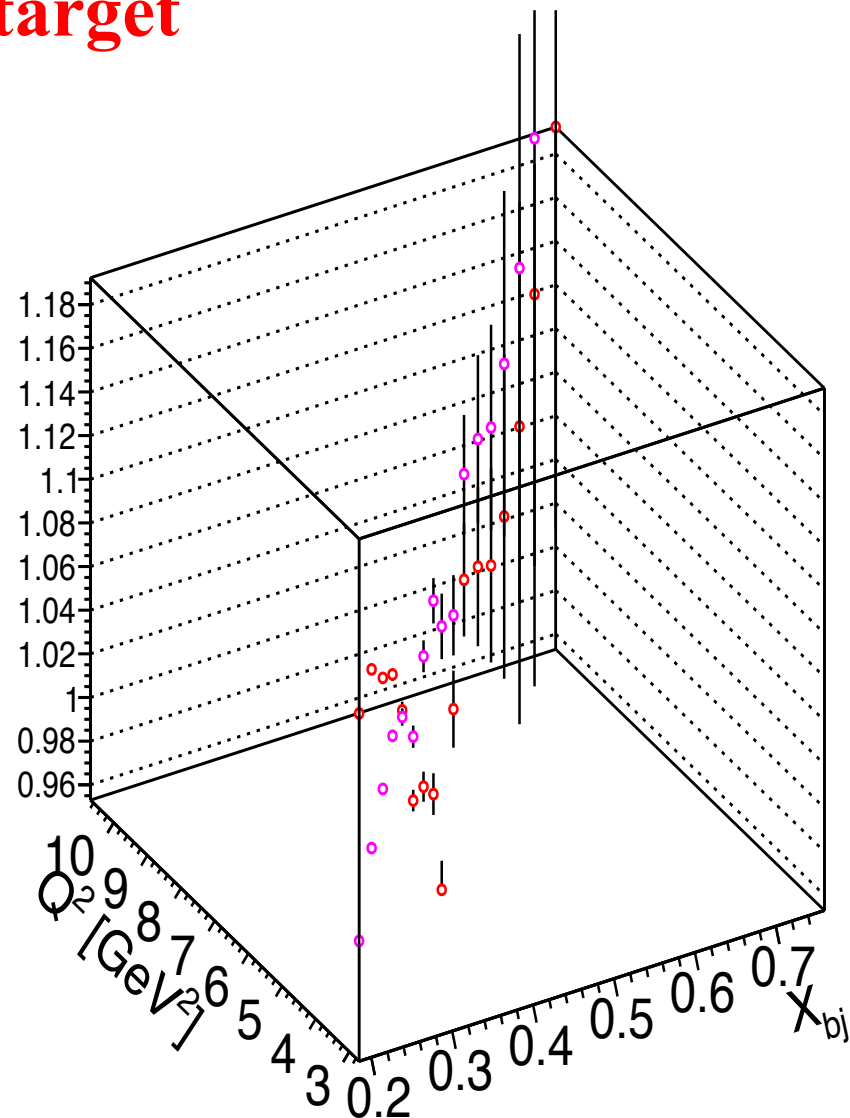
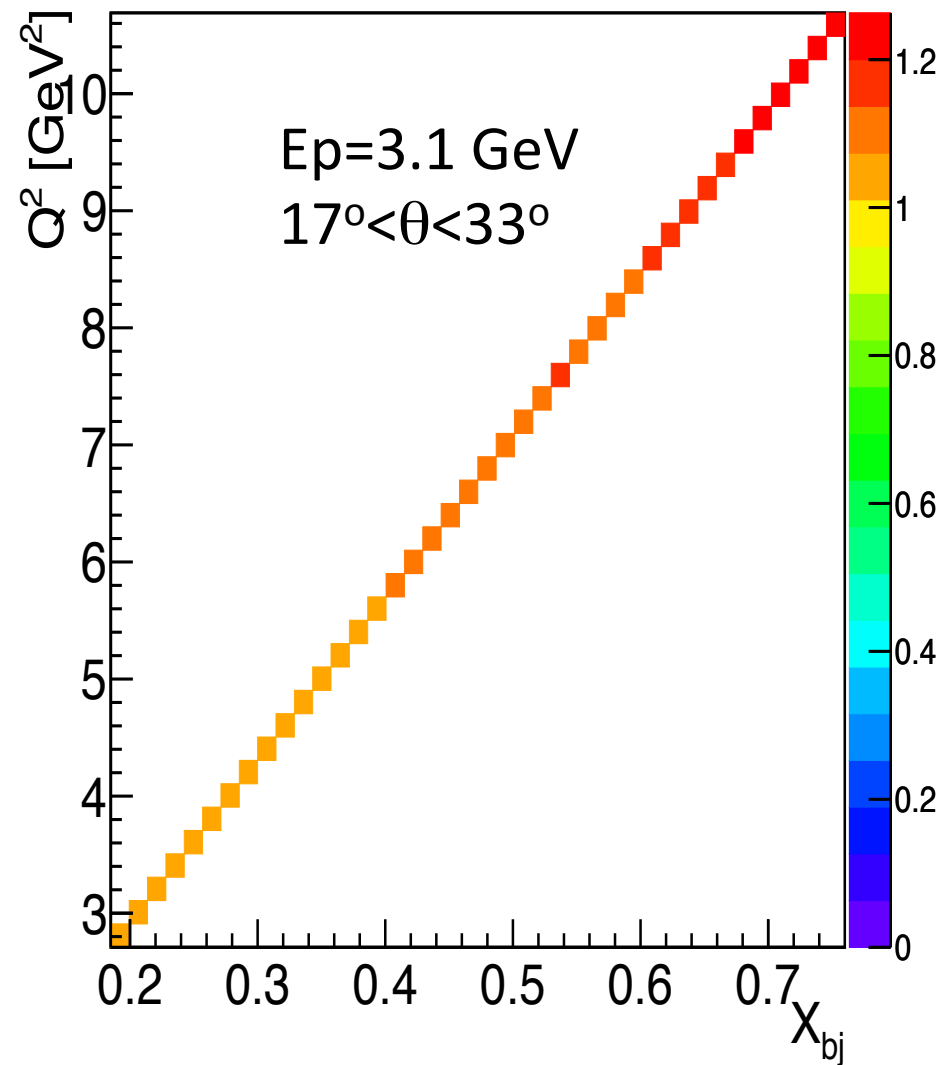
✓ Compare the outputs from the updated “inclusive_e” generator to the available data.

- 6 GeV d2n data-----David’s thesis He3 target
- 10.6GeV MARATHON data-----Jason Earl Bane’ thesis **D2, 3He, H3-----W>2.5 GeV**

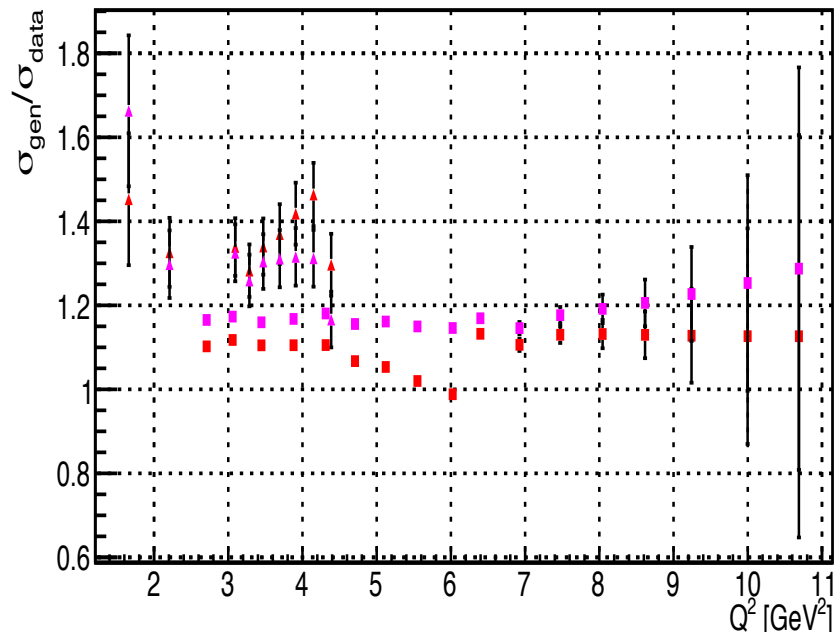
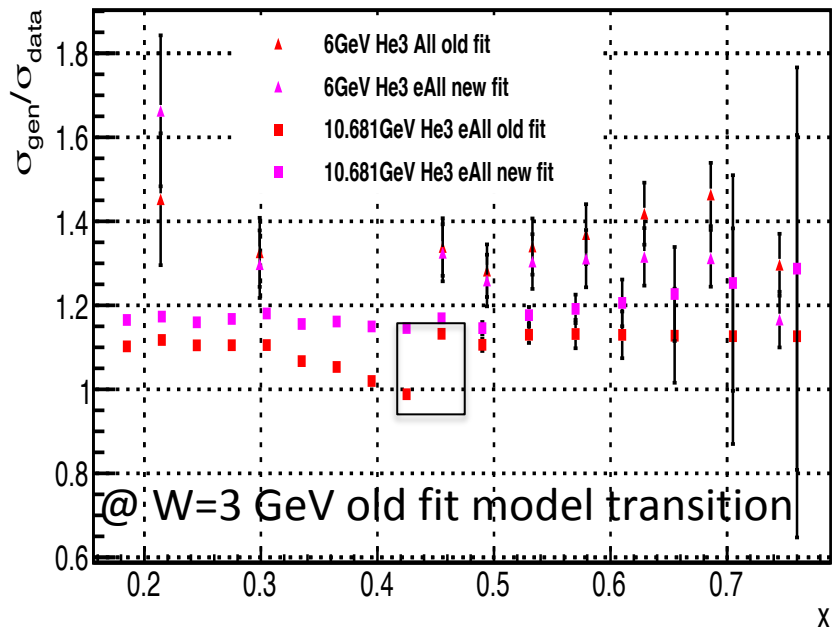
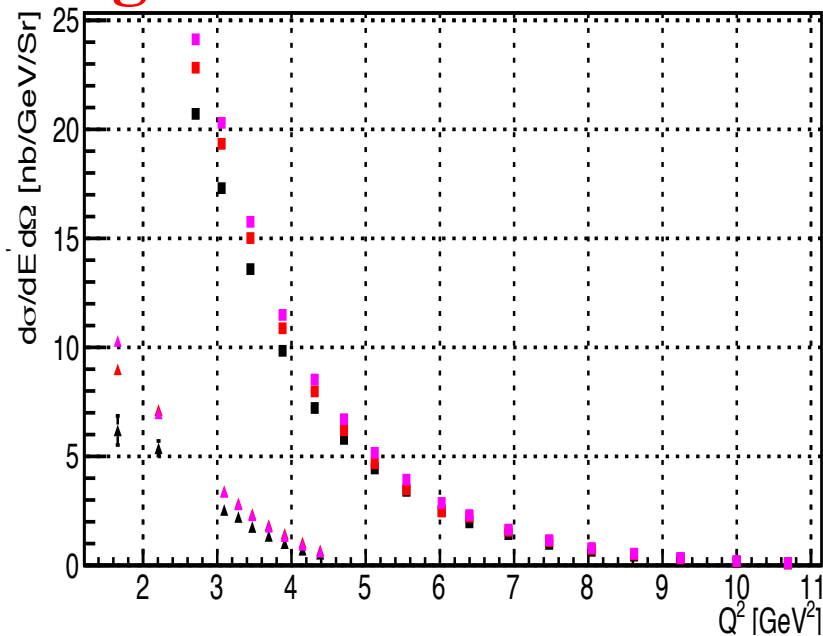
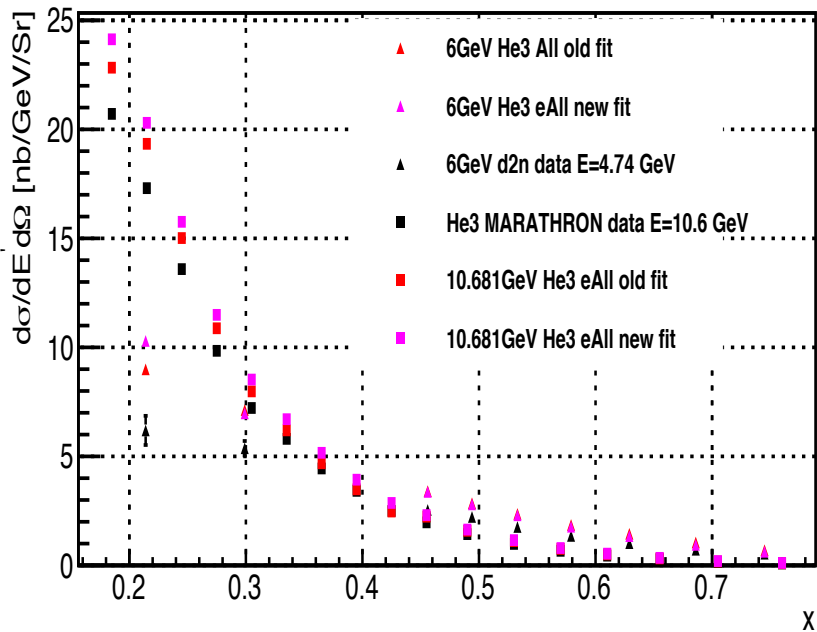
D2 target



D2 target



He3 target



Hadron Generators

- **evgen_bggen:** https://github.com/JeffersonLab/evgen_bggen.git
- $E > 3$ GeV: PYTHIA is used
- $0.15 < E < 3$ GeV: a mixture of 10 dominating π exclusive processes ($\gamma + p$) is used. For the single pion production differential cross sections, the SAID code is used.
 1. Z dependence (loop Z and E_γ)
 2. Improve the simulation efficiency----user friendly
 3. Investigate π^- “double-peak” momentum distribution
- **eicRate (hadron): Wiser fit** /group/solid/solid_svn/evgen/eicRate_20101102/
- ❖ The estimated charged pion rate from “bggen” generator has $< 30\%$ uncertainties by quantifying with the MARATHON data, and π^0 estimated rate has 20-30% uncertainty compared with DVCS data.

Ongoing----Compare to Geant4

- Compare **eAll** to geant4 simulation
 - Compare **bggen** to geant4 simulation
- } Need more statistics

1mm and 40 cm LH, LD, He₃ targets+sphere, vacuum

Physics: QGSP_BERT_HP+STD+Optical

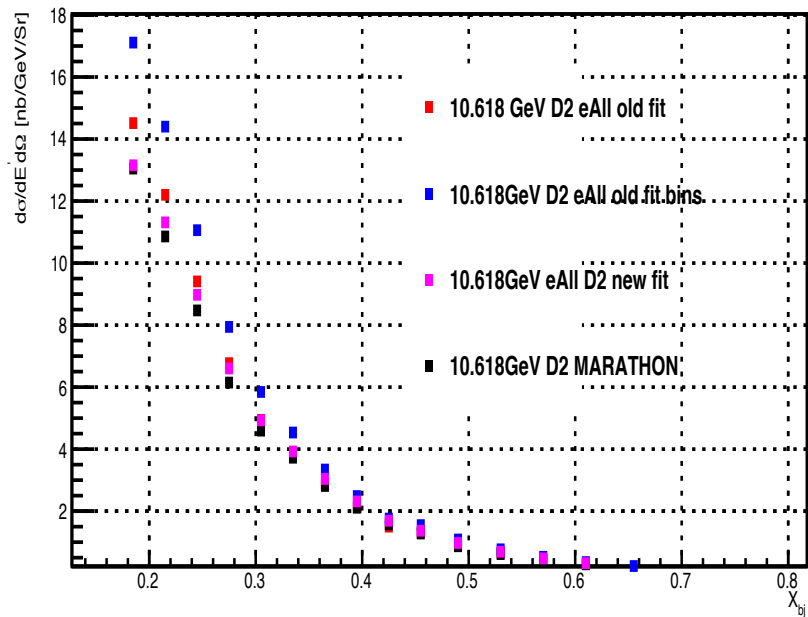
- STD: EM standard.
 - QGSP_BERT_HP
 - ✓ The physics list most recommended for HEP
 - ✓ Used by ATLAS
 - ✓ Contains standard EM processes
 - ✓ Uses Bertini cascade for hadrons of energy below~10GeV
 - ✓ Uses QGC model for high energies (>20GeV)
 - ✓ Used for neutrons below 20MeV (with high precision neutron model)
 - ✓ Can be used for radiation protection and shielding applications.
- ❖ Goal: fast and complete simulation tools

Summary and Outlook

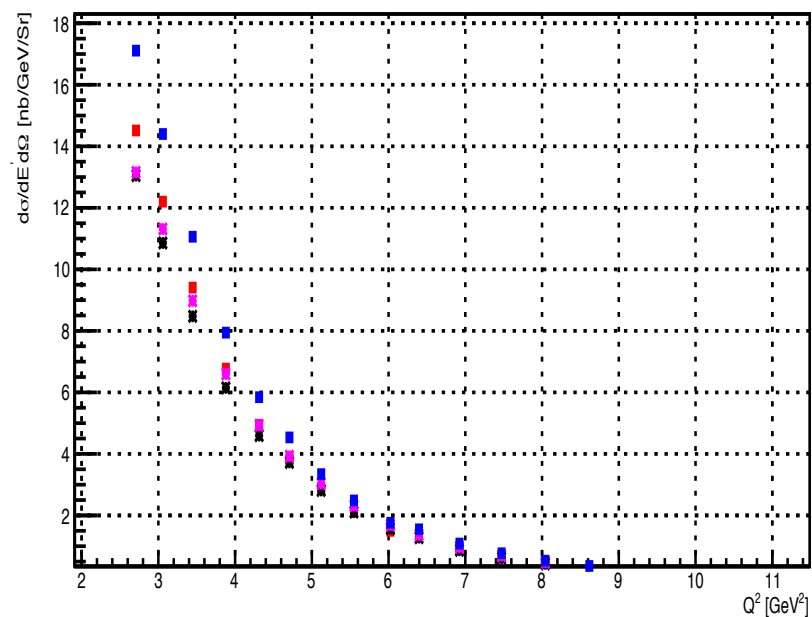
- The new F1F221 fit has been adapted in the `evgen_inclusive_e` generator, and it covers the full 12GeV kinematics.
- Inclusive electron cross sections calculated from the `evgen_inclusive_e` generator with F1F221 fit are <20% higher than MARATHON data for LD2 target, and <30 % higher than MARATHON and d2n data for He3 target.
- The comparisons between `geant4` electron simulation and `evgen_inclusive_e` generator, `geant4` hadron simulation and `bggen` are ongoing.

Back Up

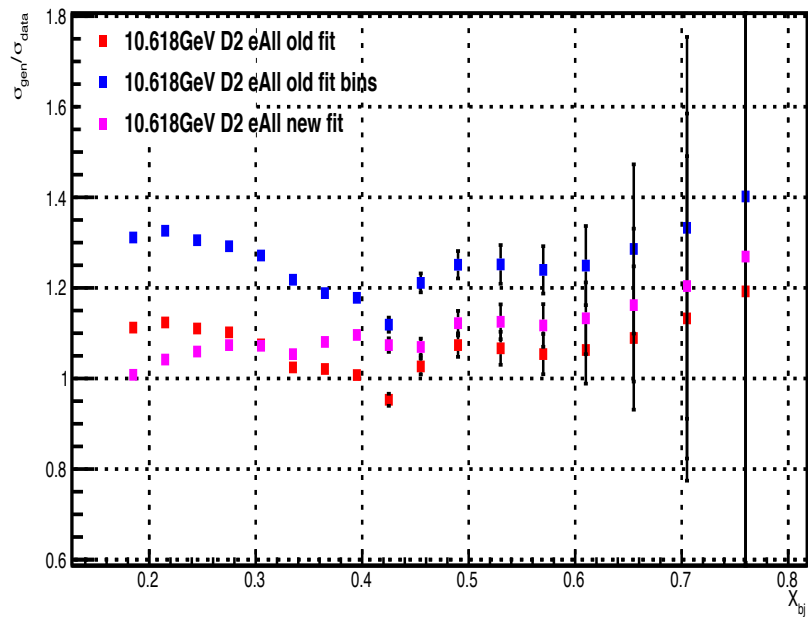
D2 Target



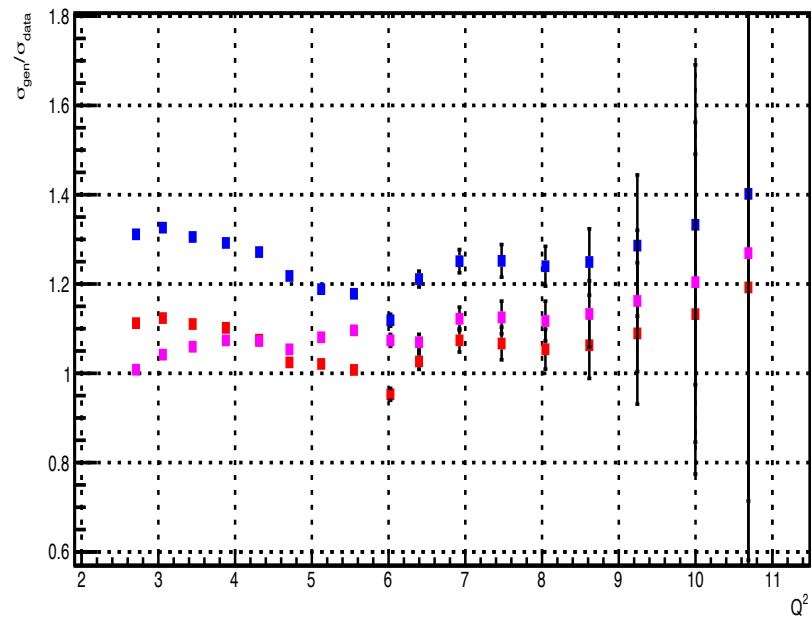
D2 Target



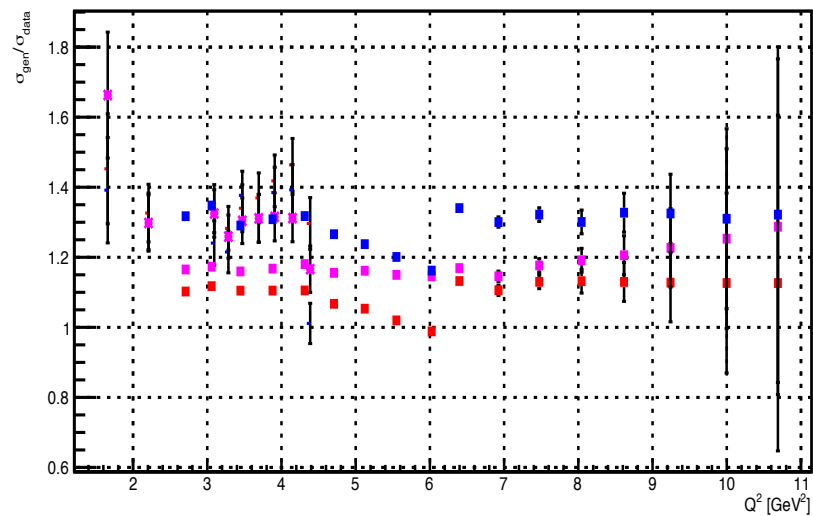
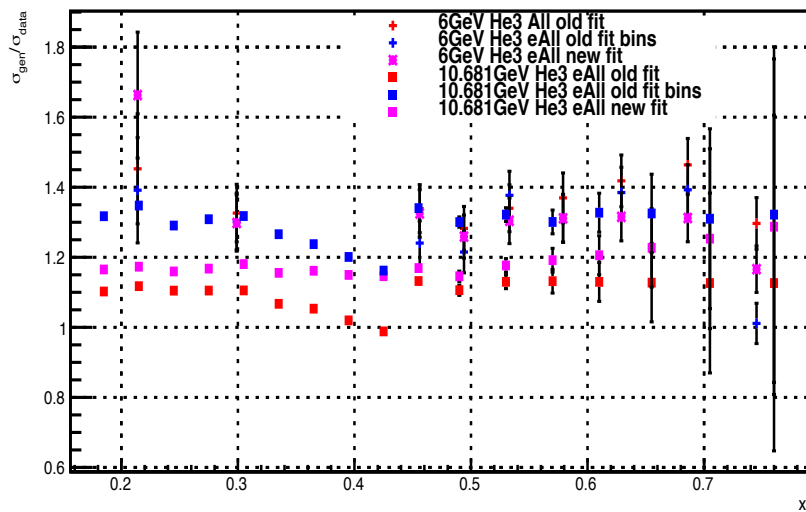
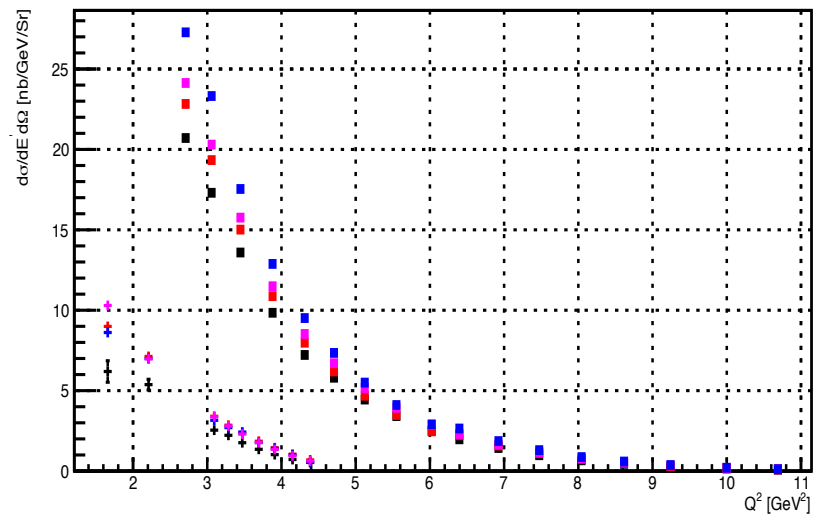
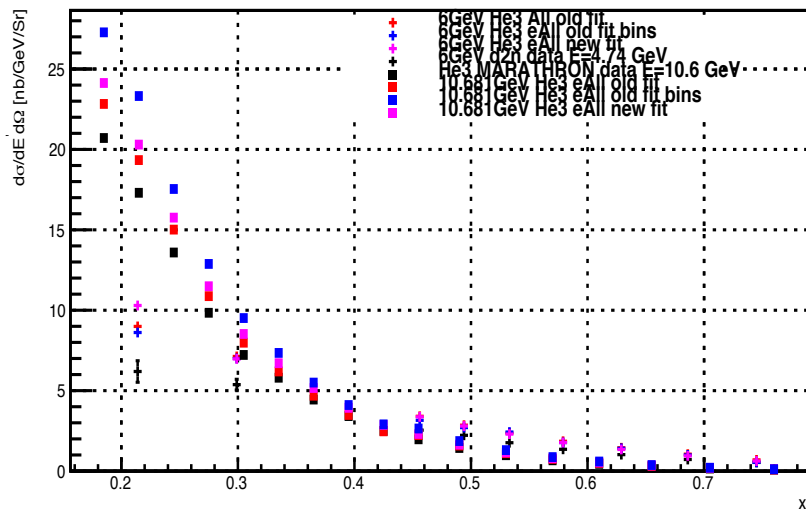
D2 Target



D2 Target



He3 target



@ W=3 GeV old fit model transition

Assumption

- Rate calculation for $A > 1$:

$$\sigma_{\pi^-}(D) = \sigma_{\pi^-}(n) + \sigma_{\pi^-}(p) = \sigma_{\pi^+}(p) + \sigma_{\pi^-}(p)$$

$$\sigma_{\pi^+}(D) = \sigma_{\pi^+}(n) + \sigma_{\pi^+}(p) = \sigma_{\pi^-}(p) + \sigma_{\pi^+}(p)$$

$$\sigma_{\pi^-}(He_3) = \sigma_{\pi^-}(n) + 2\sigma_{\pi^-}(p) = \sigma_{\pi^+}(p) + 2\sigma_{\pi^-}(p)$$

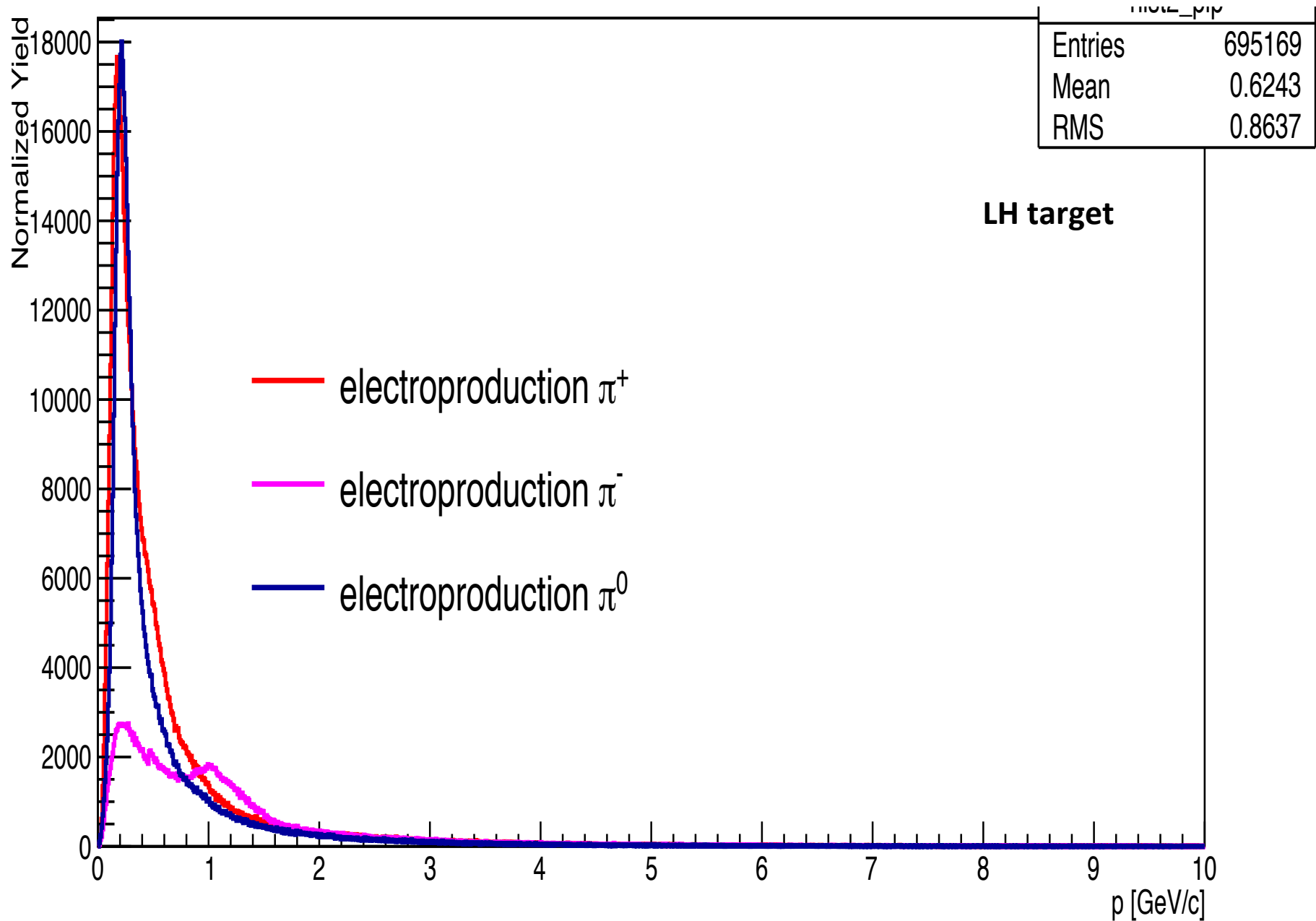
$$\sigma_{\pi^+}(He_3) = \sigma_{\pi^+}(n) + 2\sigma_{\pi^+}(p) = \sigma_{\pi^-}(p) + 2\sigma_{\pi^+}(p)$$

Check the above assumption with MARATHON data:

$$\sigma_{\pi^-}(n) = \sigma_{\pi^+}(p) = 1/3 * [2\sigma_{\pi^-}(H3) - \sigma_{\pi^-}(He3)]$$

$$\sigma_{\pi^-}(p) = \sigma_{\pi^+}(n) = 1/3 * [2\sigma_{\pi^-}(He3) - \sigma_{\pi^-}(H3)]$$

Bggen Electroproduction



Bggen Photoproduction

