

# PVDIS BAFFLES AND PHOTON BACKGROUND

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# PHOTON BACKGROUND AT LAST GEM AND ECAL

5E6 e<sup>-</sup> into target

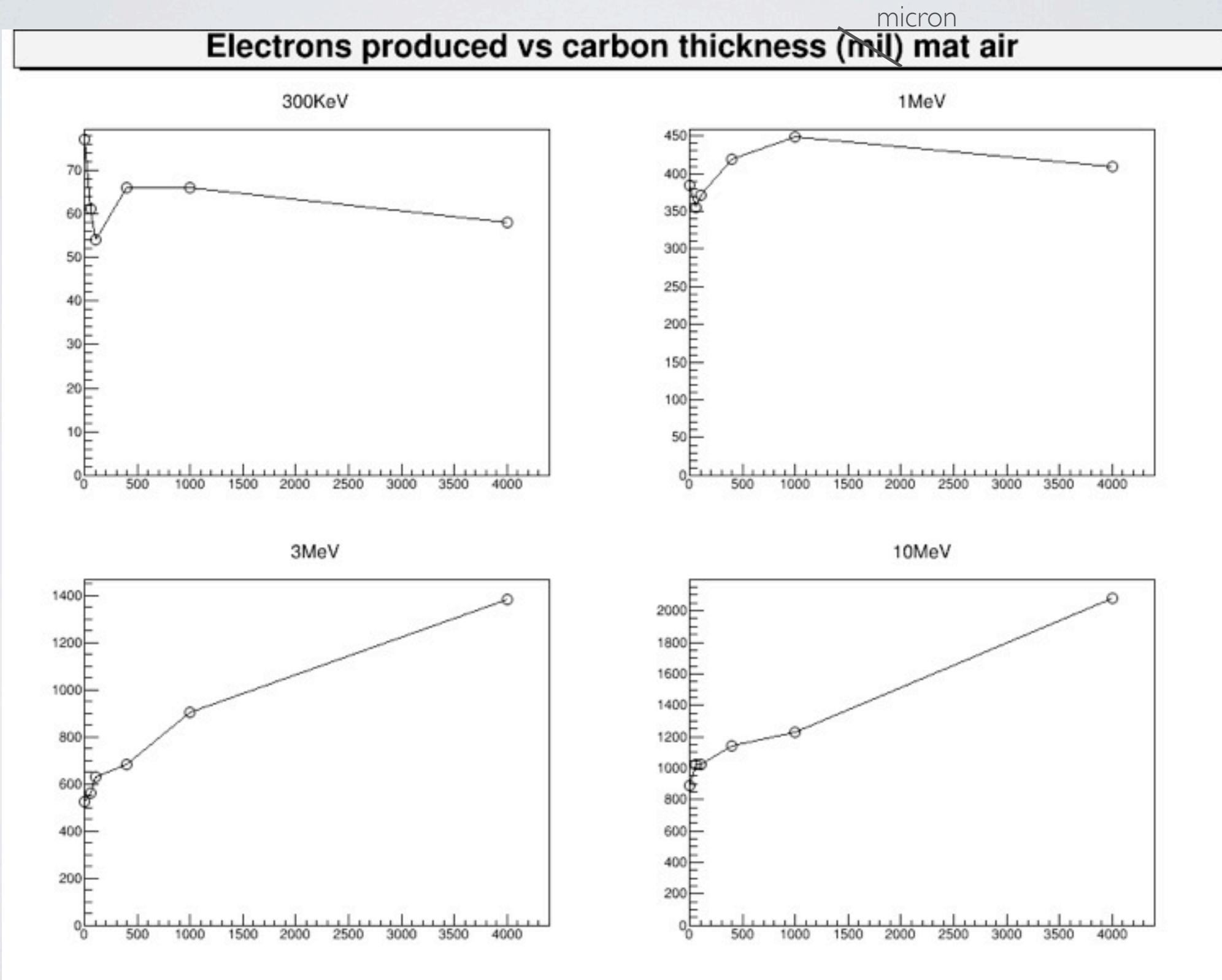
## Real baffles & beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	34483	18488	307	0.89
Plane 2	15619	6846	193	1.2
Plane 3	9820	5046	120	1.2
Plane 4	9399	4822	103	1.1

## Krypt baffles & beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	15965	15495	91	0.57
Plane 2	4635	4566	25	0.54
Plane 3	3436	3401	15	0.44
Plane 4	3314	3281	15	0.45

# 50K $\gamma$ DIRECTLY INTO GEM WITH CARBON IN FRONT

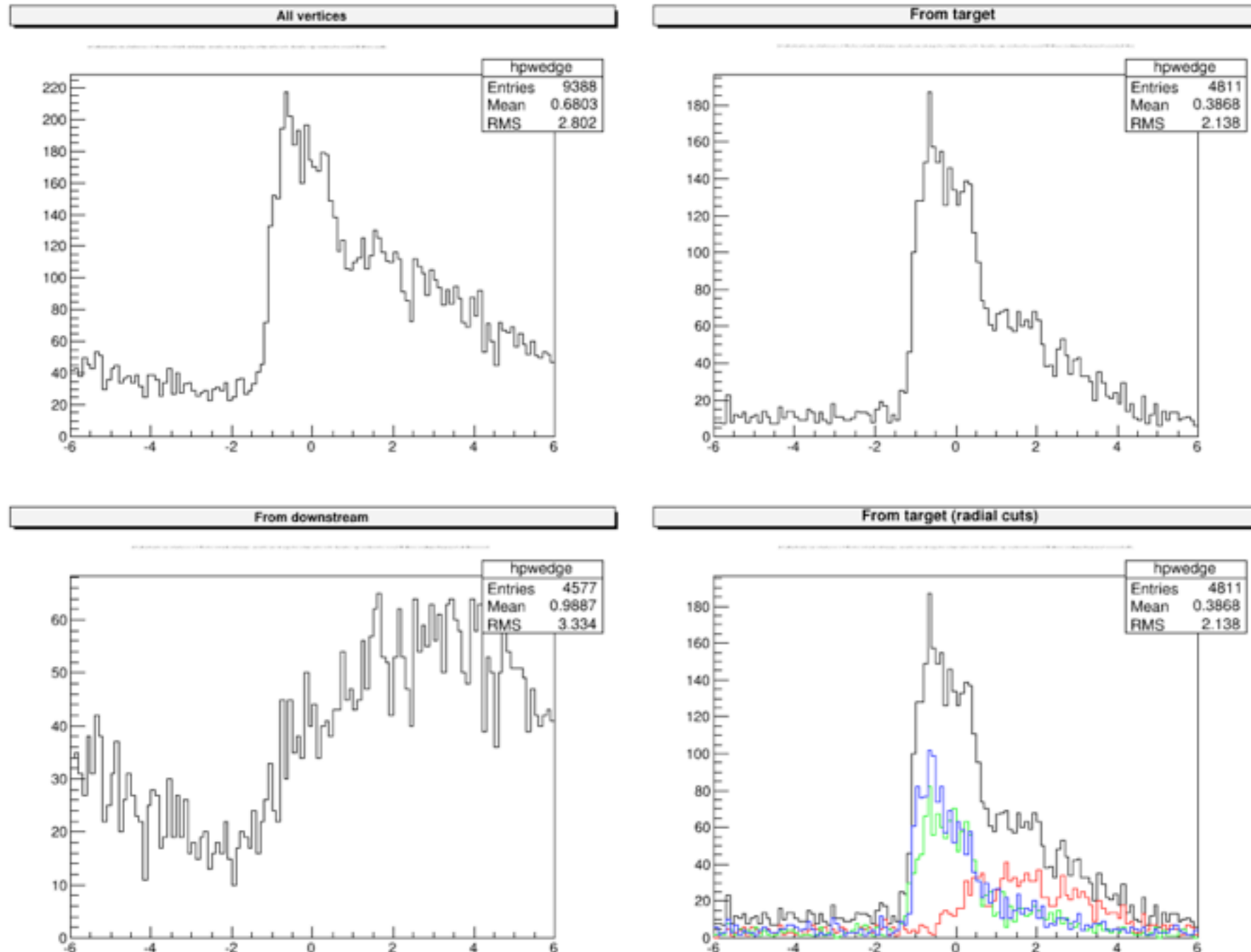




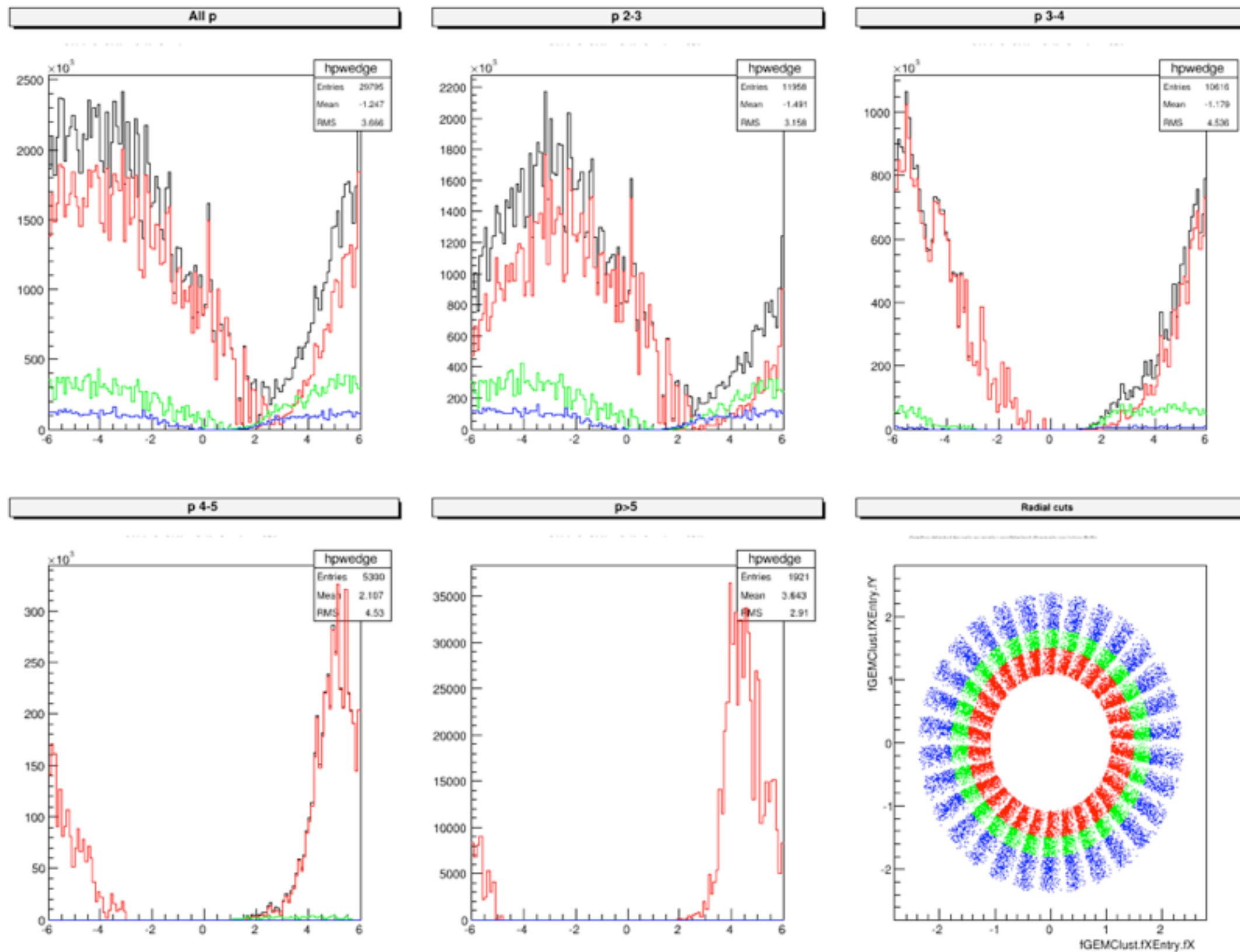
- Look at numbers of photons crossing the 4th GEM plane
- Where are these photons produced? Look at vertex positions
- Since last collaboration meeting: Now using CLEO baffles and more complete apparatus

# $\phi$ DISTRIBUTION RELATIVE TO SEGMENT CENTER

## Hit phi for BG photons, GEM 4 CLEO standard baf + beam



# Hit phi for inelastic electrons, GEM 4 E > 2000.000000 MeVCLEO standard baf + beam

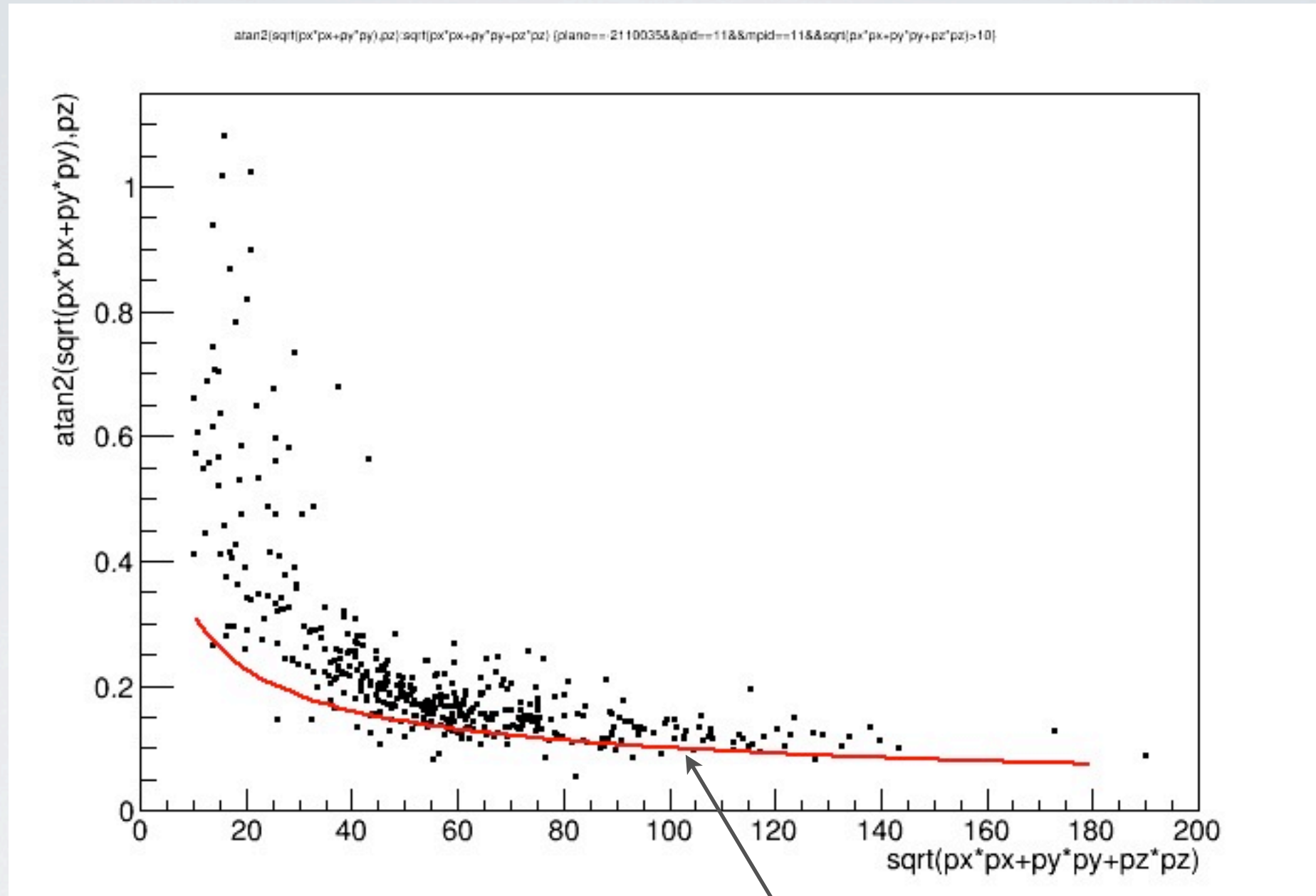




# PRODUCTION OF BACKGROUND PHOTONS IN FIRST BAFFLE AND BEAM PIPE

Virtual detector placed just upstream of first baffle

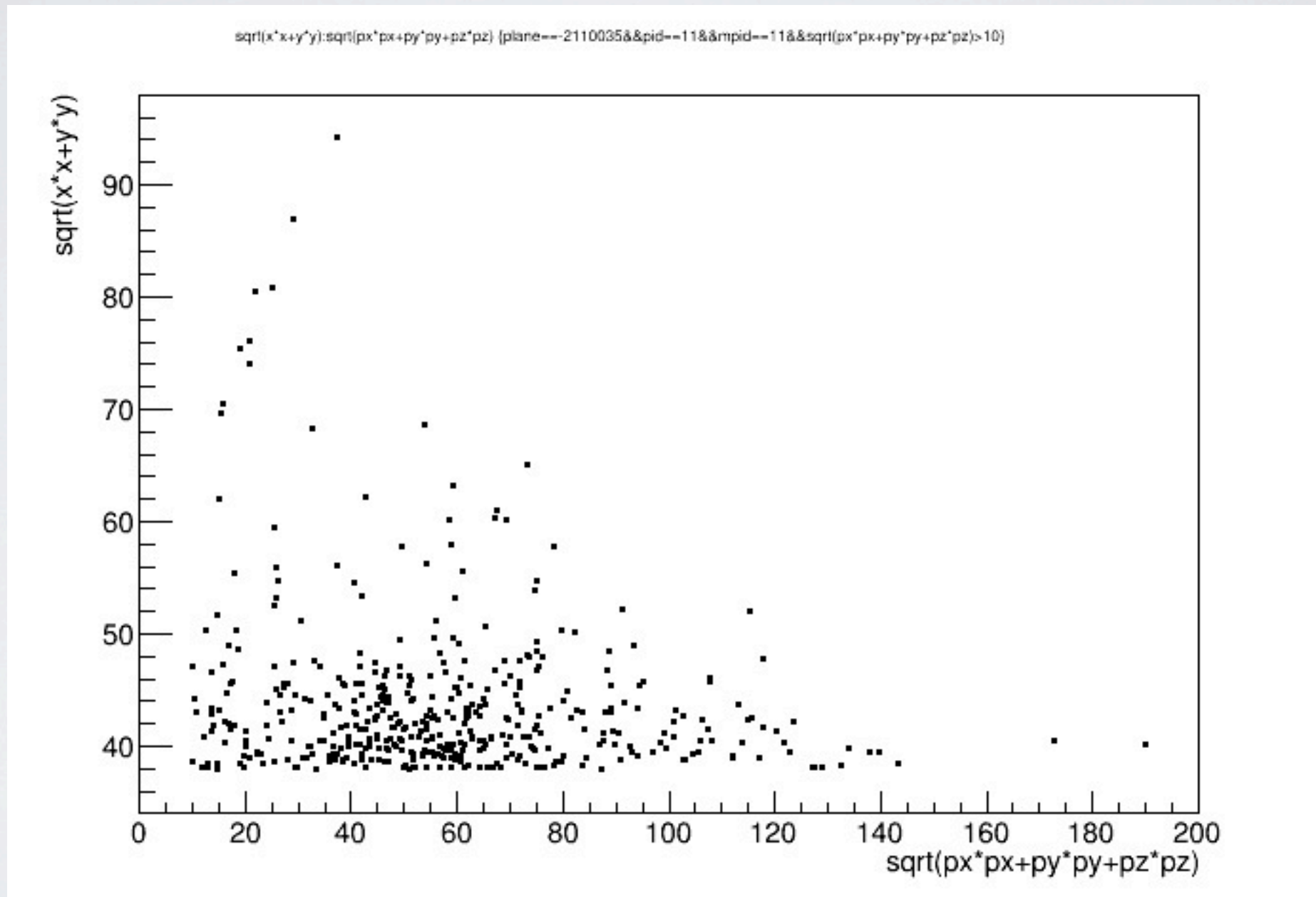
# POLAR ANGLE VS MOMENTUM



Moller  $\theta = \sqrt{(2m_e(1/E' - 1/E_{\text{beam}}))}$

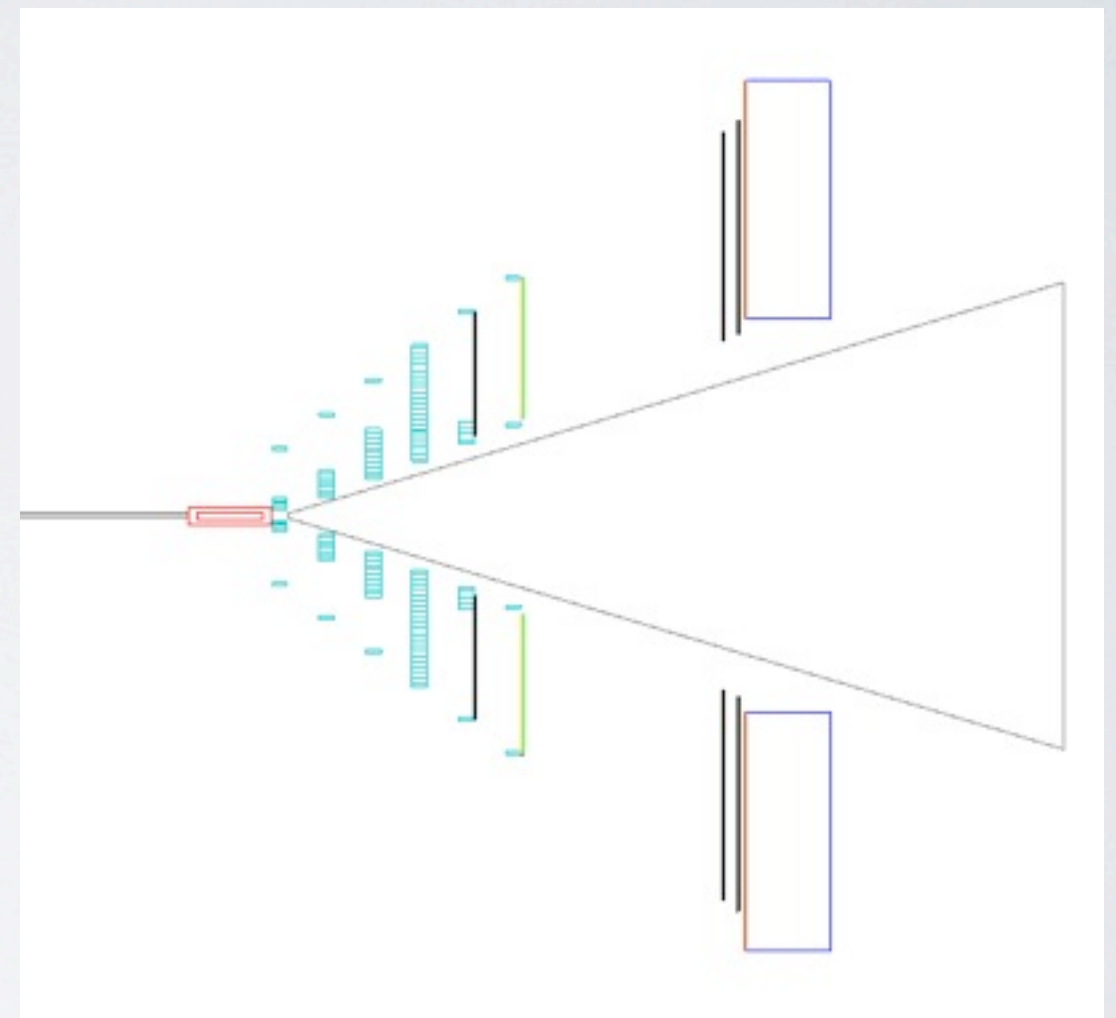


# RADIAL POSITION VERSUS MOMENTUM



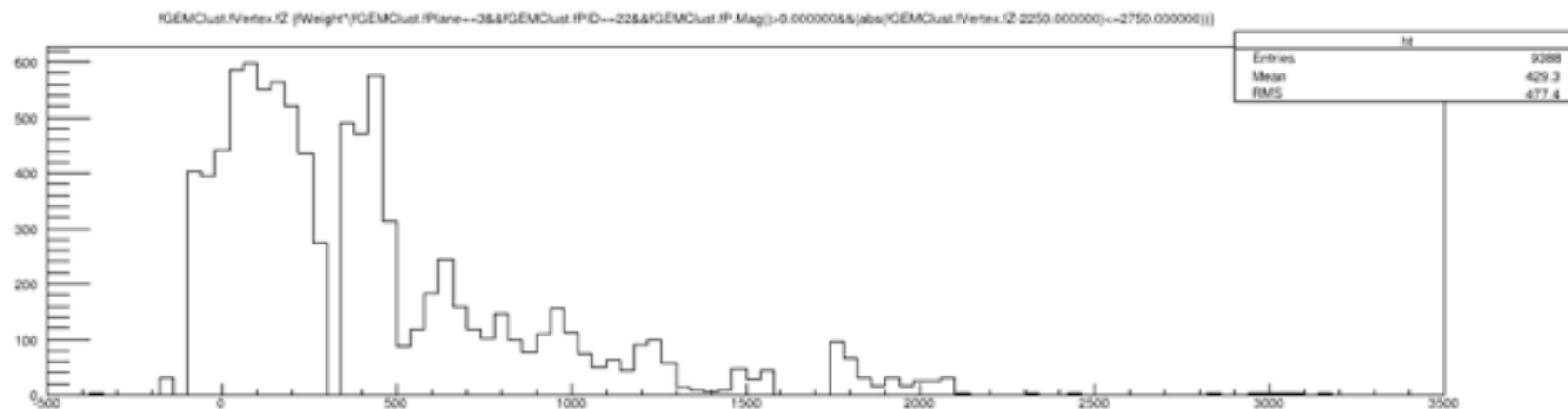
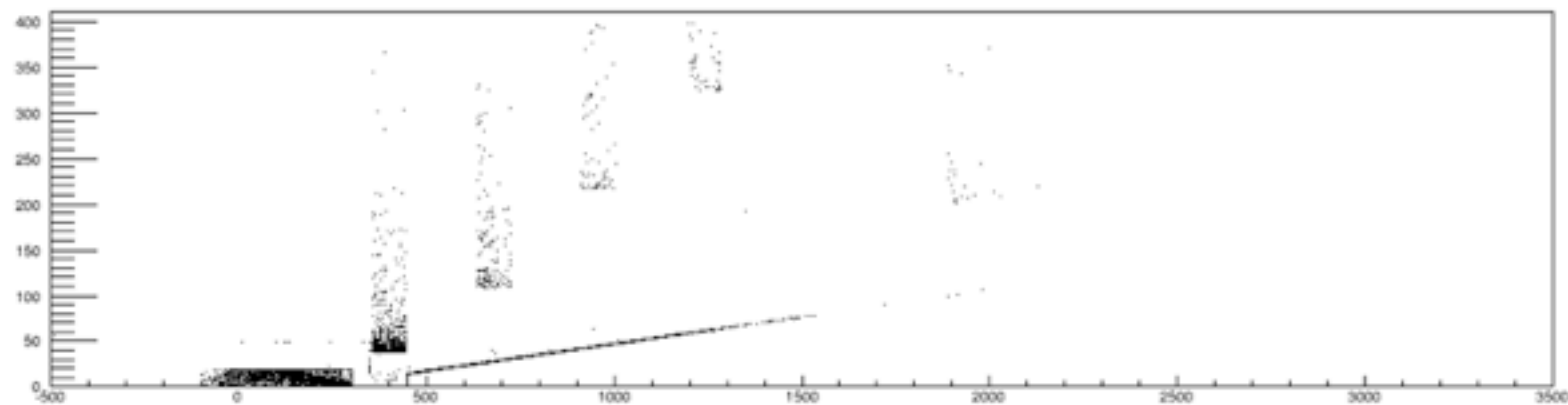
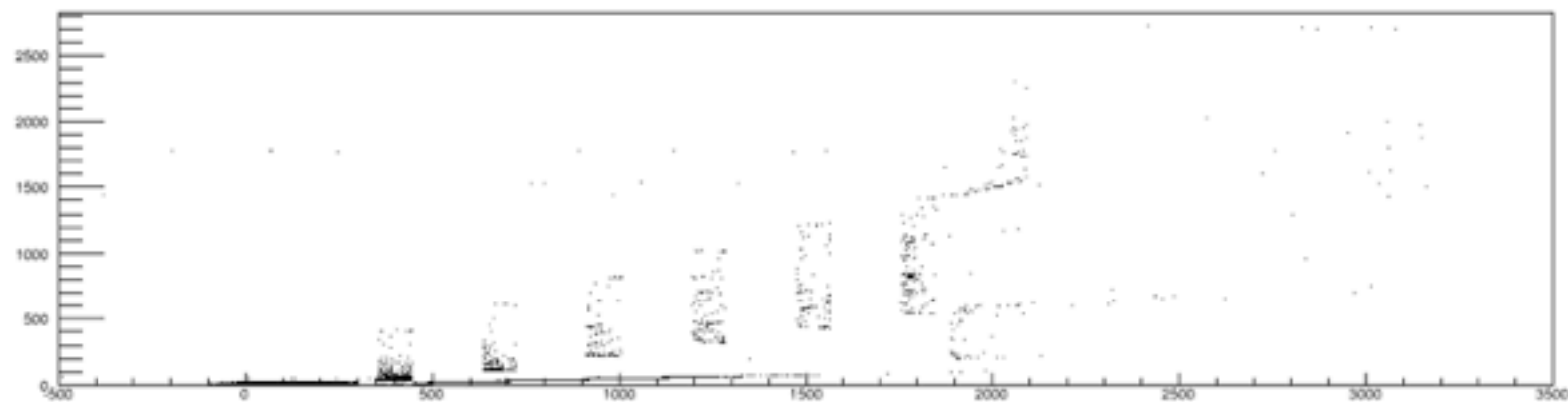
# REDUCING MOLLERS IN BEAMLINE, BAFFLE

- Wider beamline
- Larger aperture in first baffle



# STANDARD CLEO BEAMLINE AND BAFFLES — 4 cm APERTURE

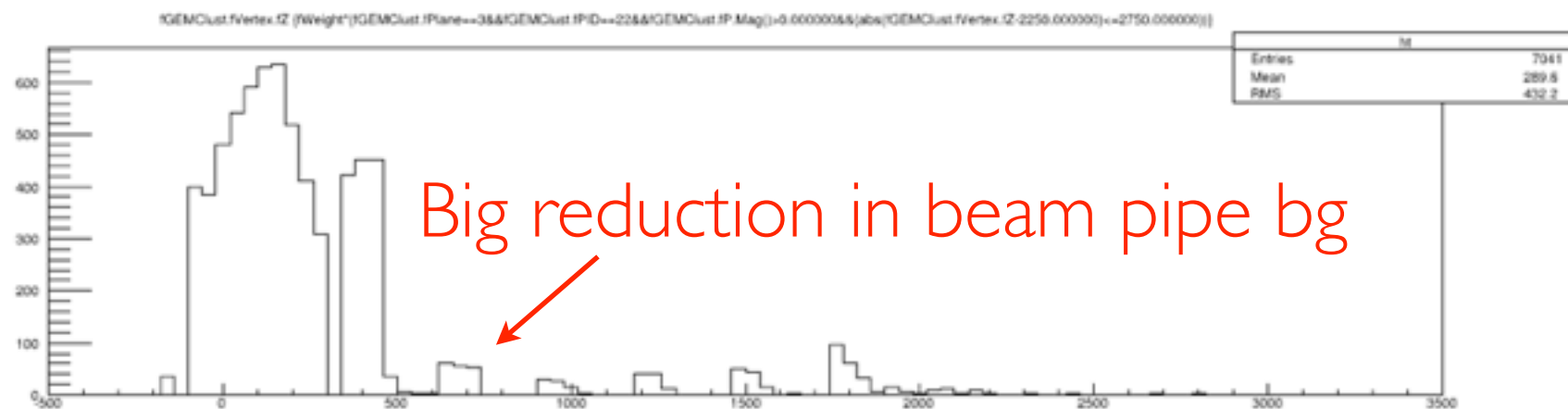
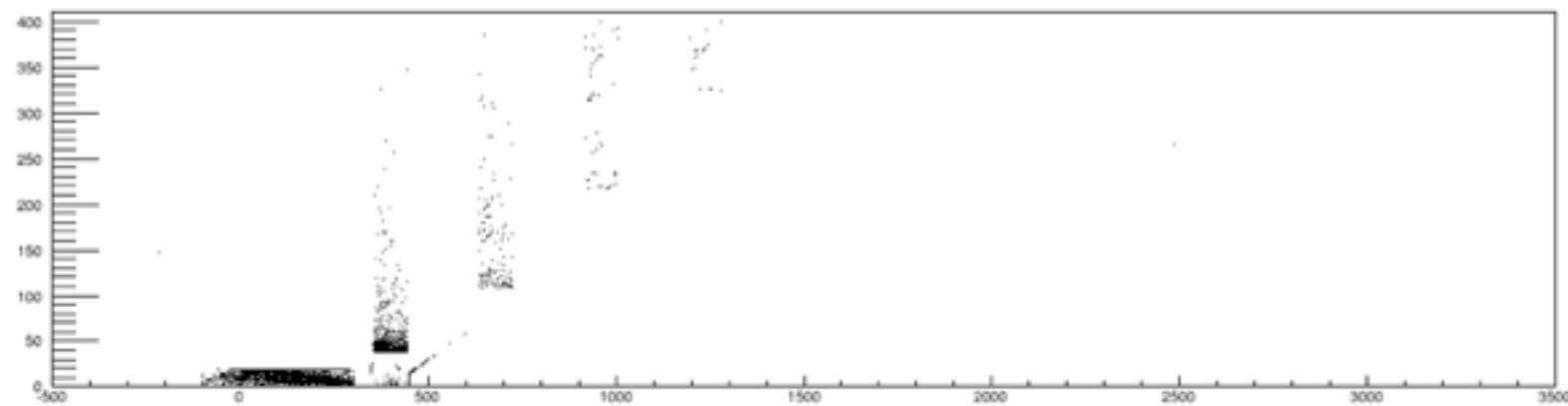
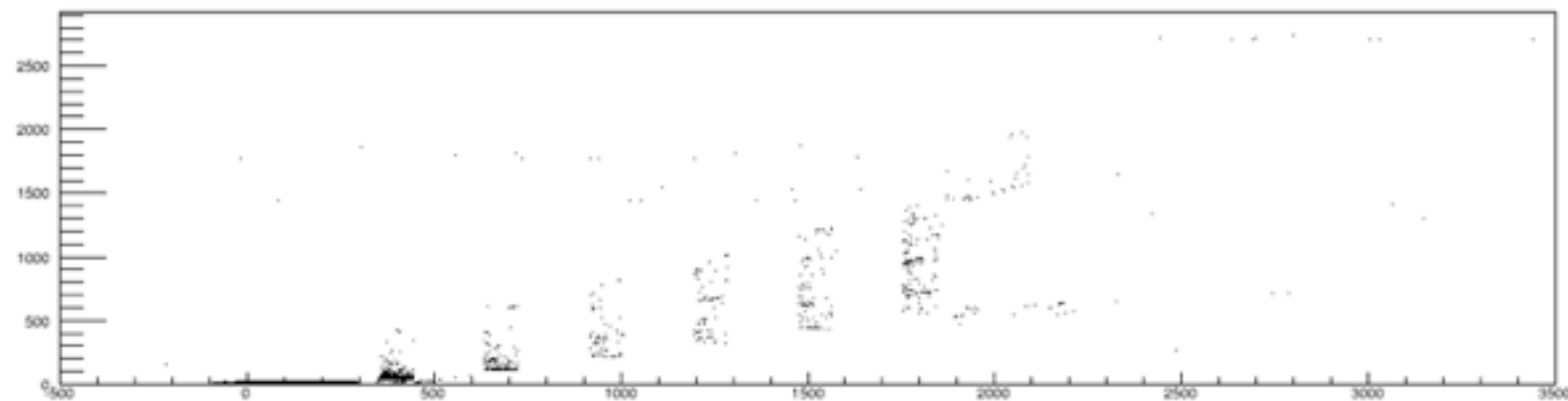
Vertices for BG photons, GEM 4 CLEO standard baf + beam





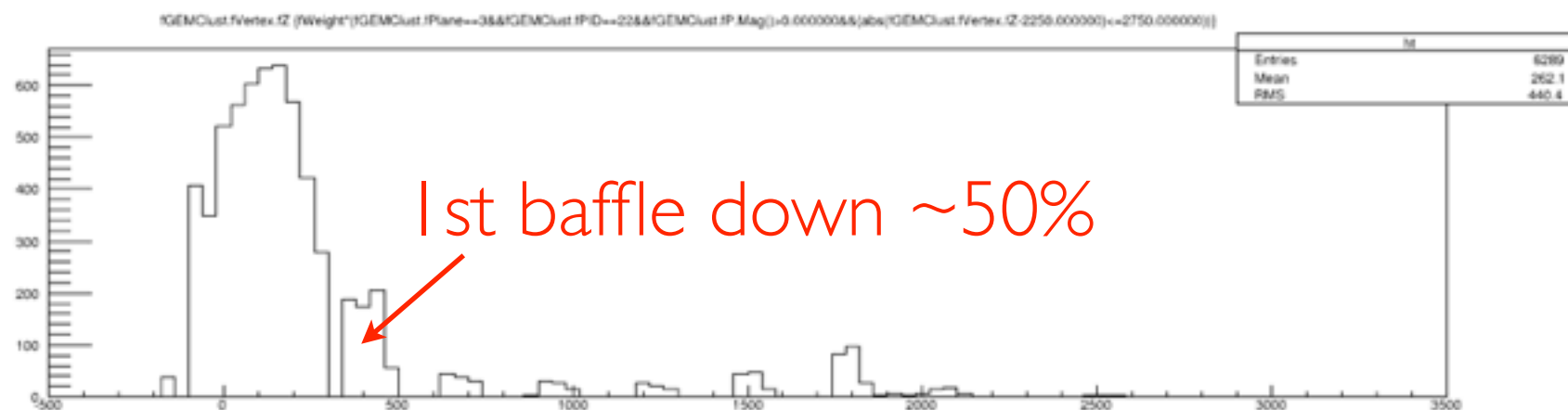
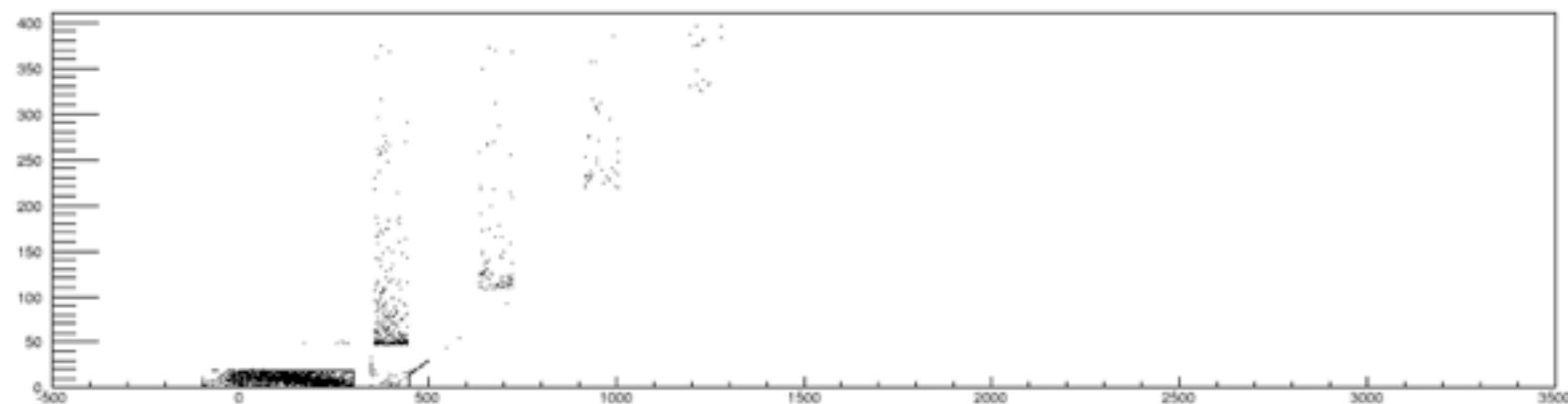
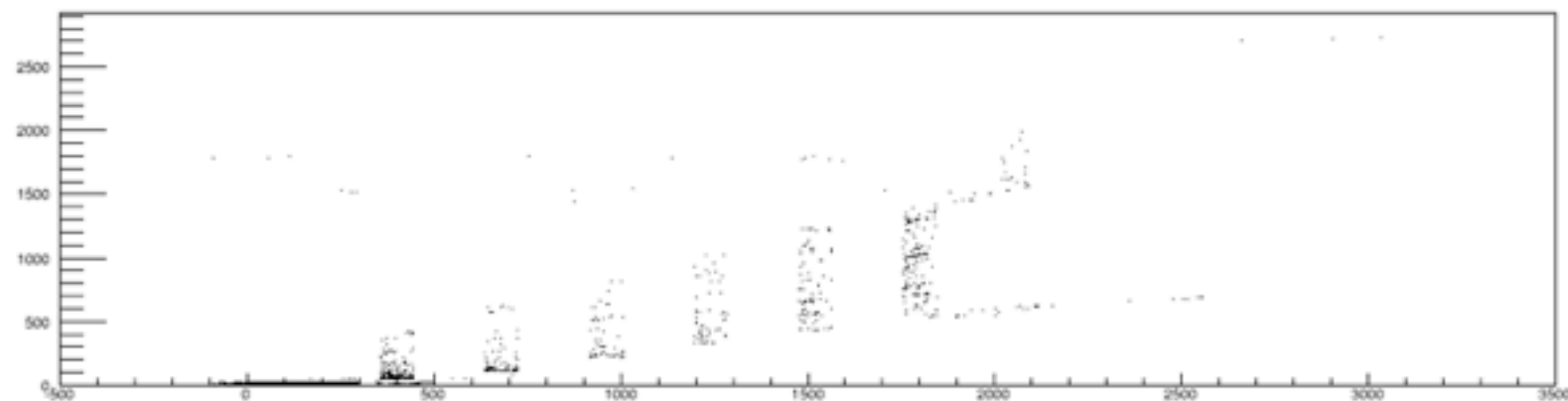
# WIDE (ALUMINUM) BEAMLINE, STANDARD BAFFLES — 4 cm APERTURE

Vertices for BG photons, GEM 4 CLEO standard baf, wide beamline



# WIDE (ALUMINUM) BEAMLINE, STANDARD BAFFLES — 5 cm APERTURE

Vertices for BG photons, GEM 4

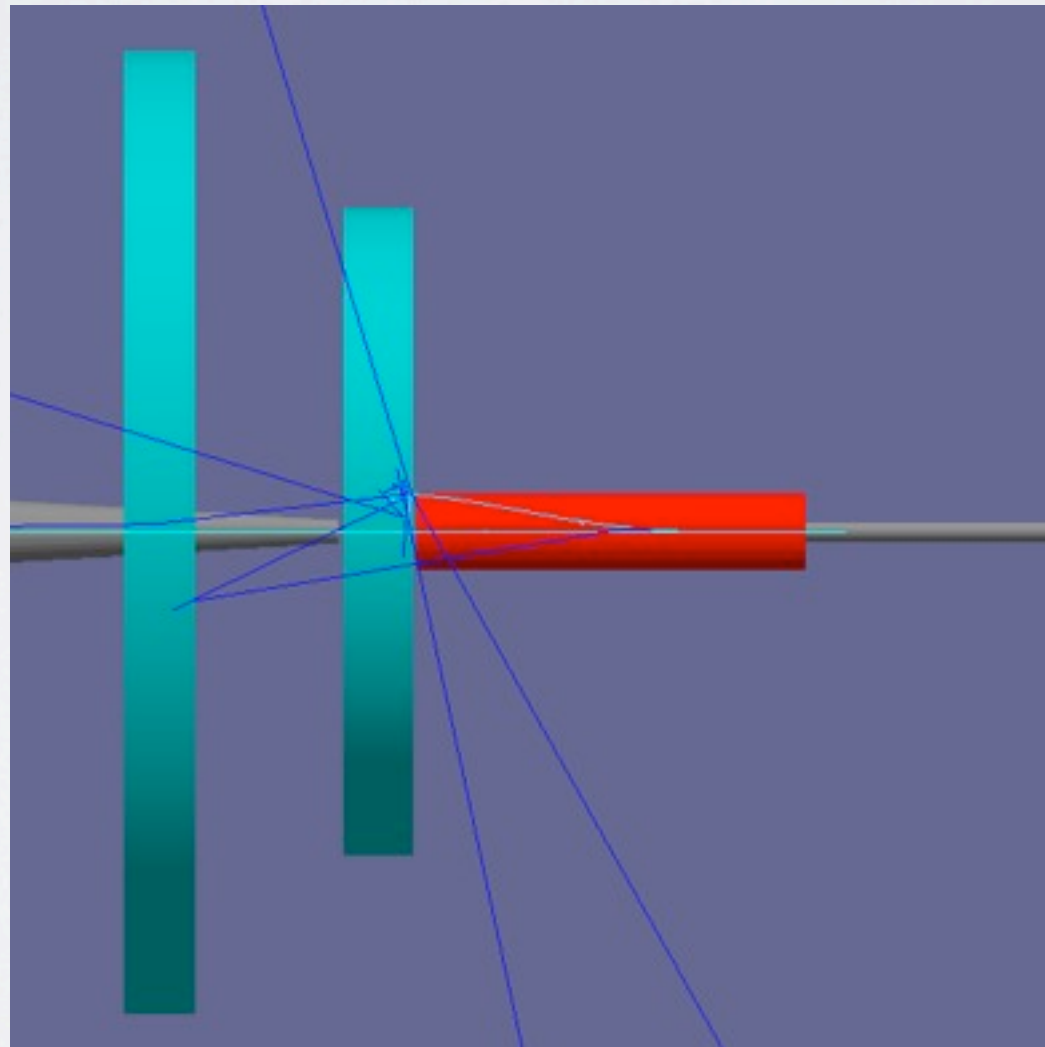


- Increasing 1st baffle aperture reduced bg from Mollers
- Reduction NOT as much as expected
- Is there something else going on? Look at individual events.



# CATEGORIES OF EVENTS WITH VERTEX IN FIRST BAFFLE

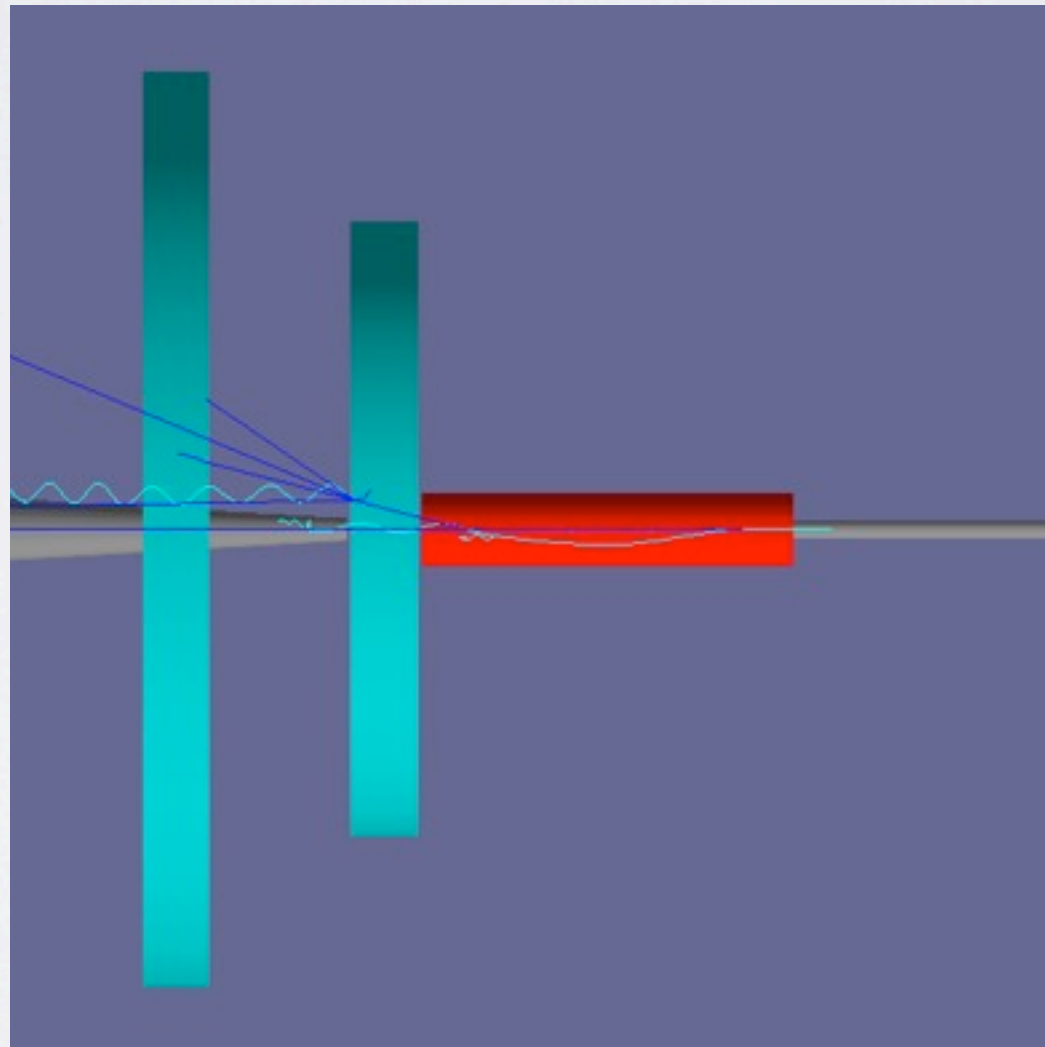
- “External” Moller — creates photon in baffle (13 events for 500k  $e^-$  on target)



Optimized  
baffle design  
should get rid  
of most of  
these.

# CATEGORIES OF EVENTS WITH VERTEX IN FIRST BAFFLE

- “Internal” Moller — creates photon in target which interacts in baffle (6 events for 500k  $e^-$  on target)

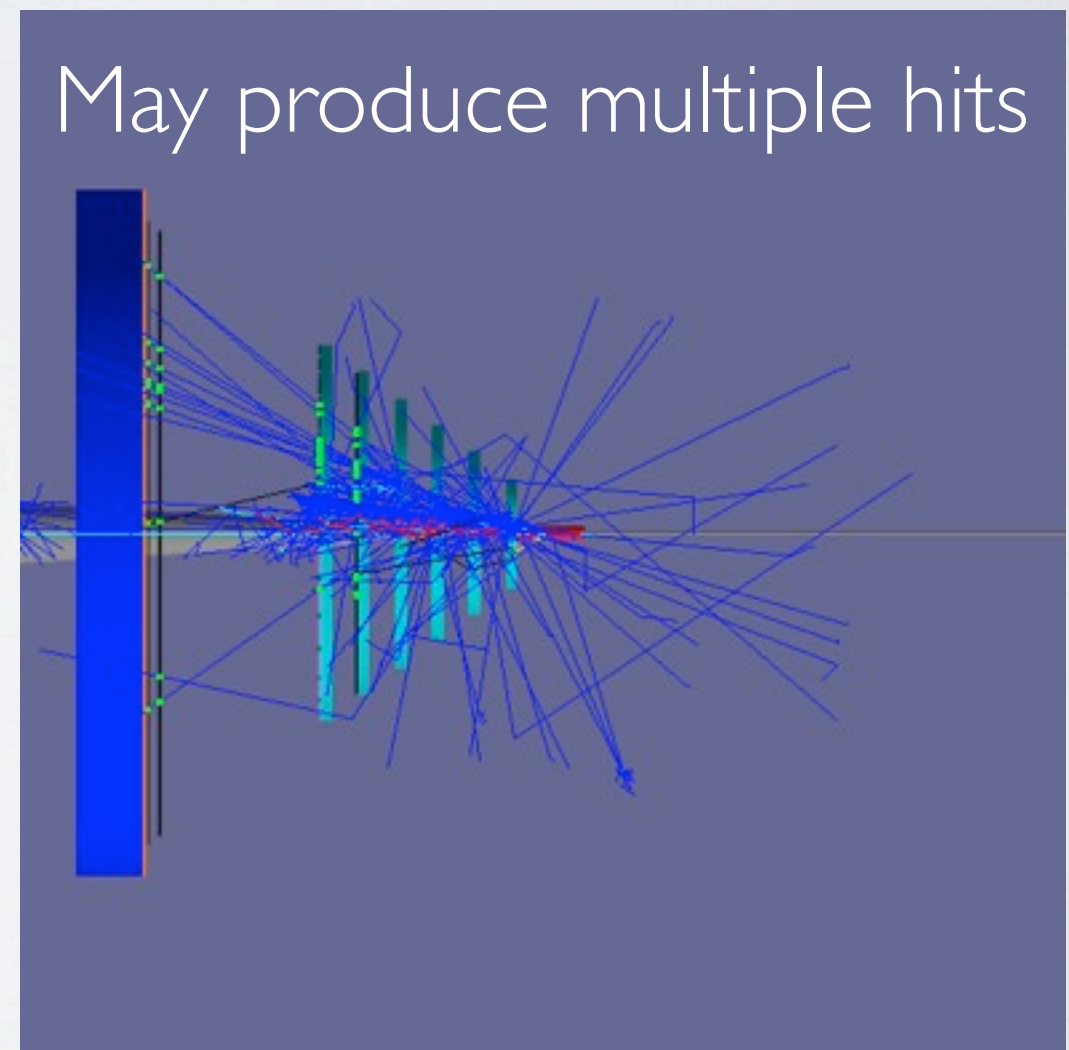
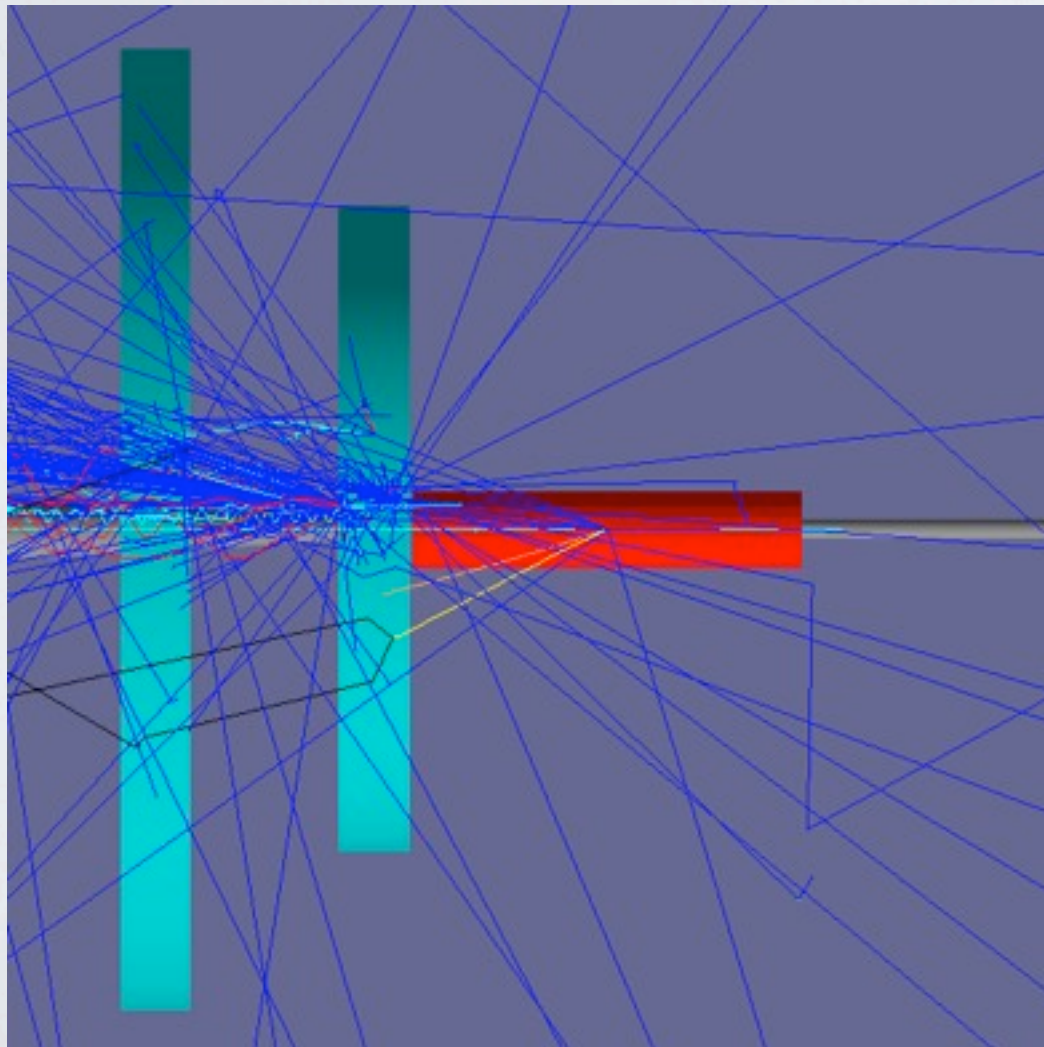


Can't  
eliminate  
these, but  
target length,  
diameter, and  
wall  
construction  
will affect.



# CATEGORIES OF EVENTS WITH VERTEX IN FIRST BAFFLE

- Hadronic interaction in target (6 events for 500k  $e^-$  on target)



Entirely separate optimization issues



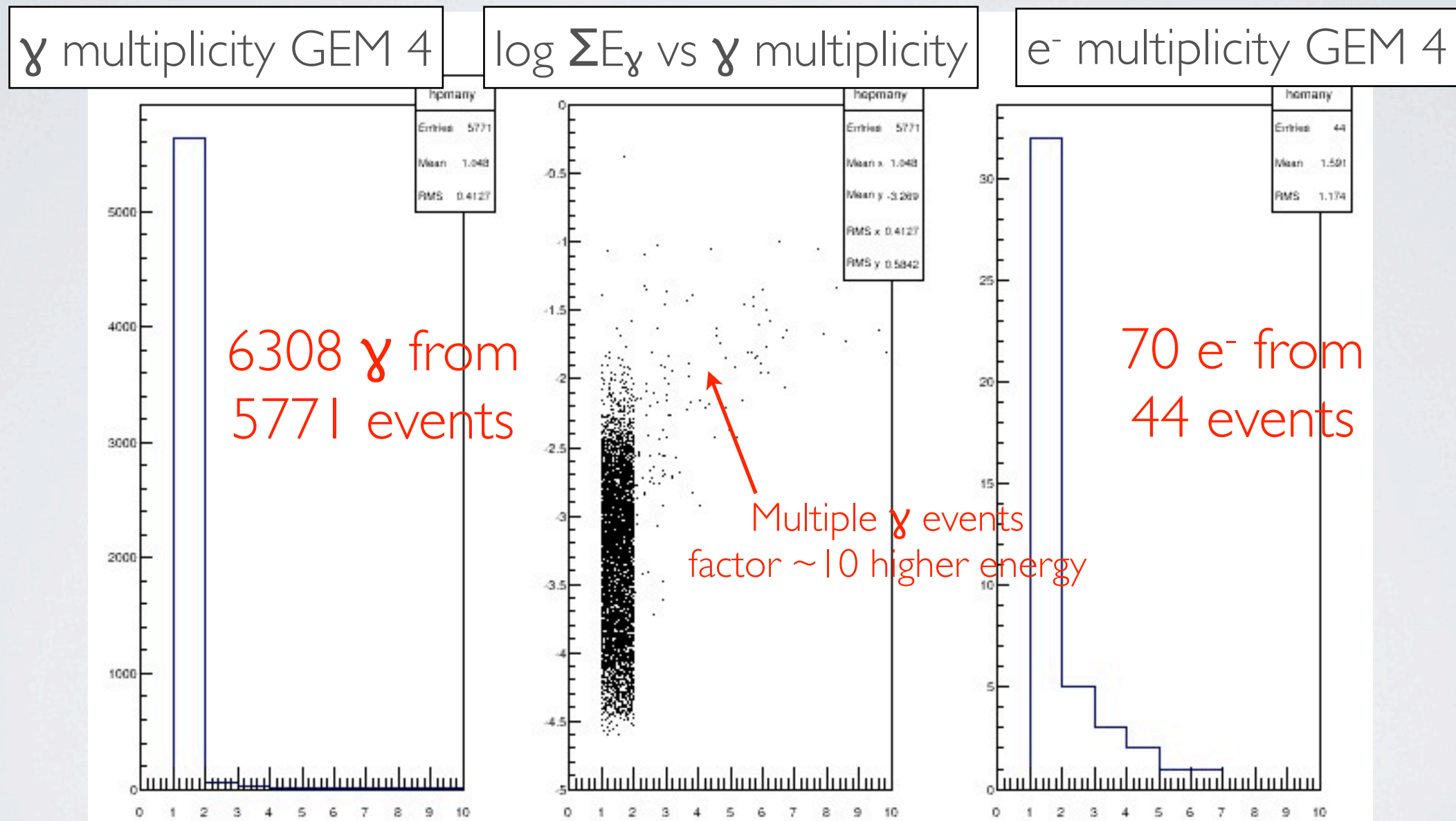
# EFFECT ON STATISTICS

- We've looked at numbers of gammas and electrons per run, e.g.:

		gamma	gamma	e-	eff
		(all)	(targ)		(%)
Plane	1	20611	17687	177	0.86
Plane	2	9031	6738	91	1
Plane	3	6580	5238	64	0.97
Plane	4	6308	5024	70	1.1

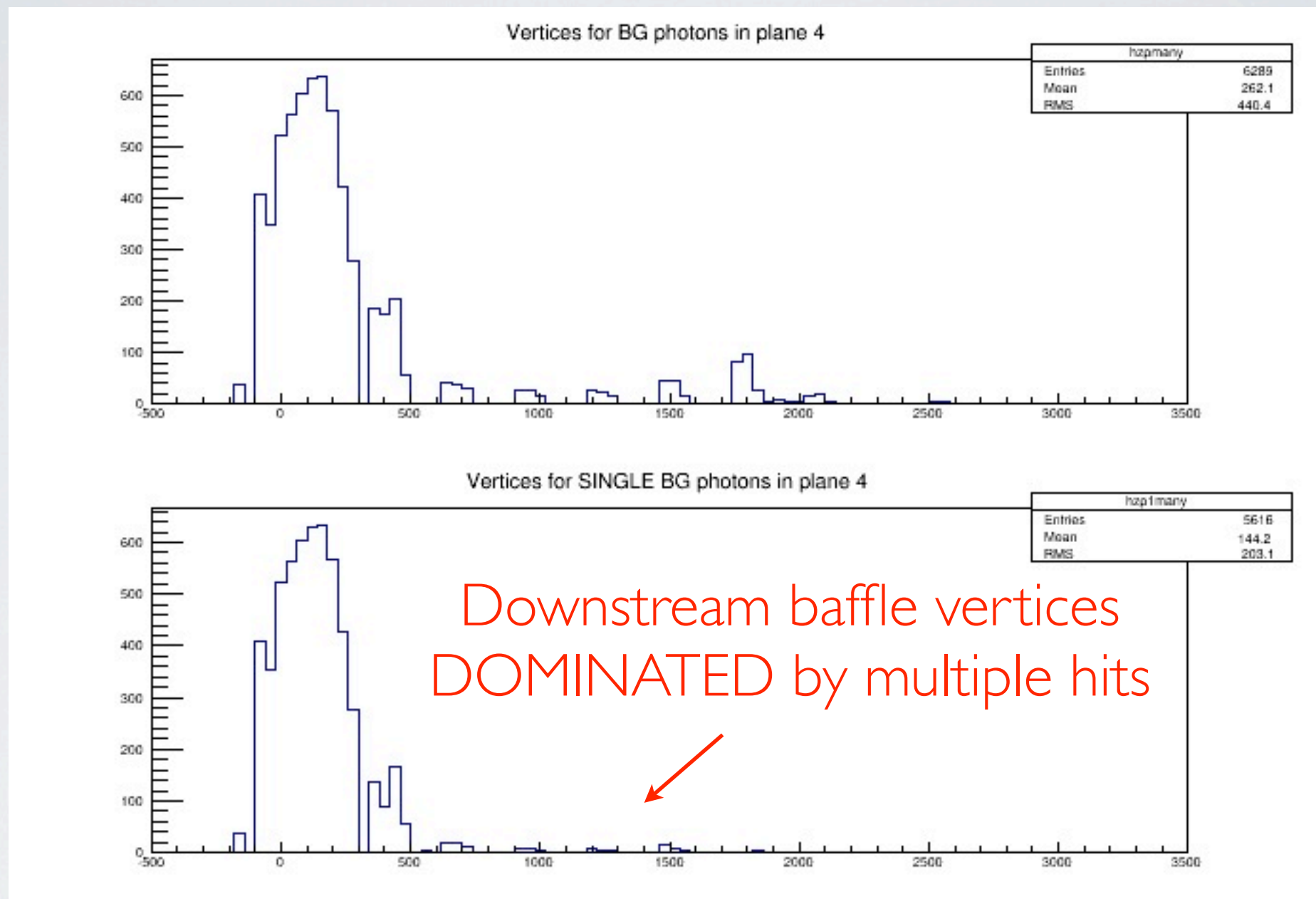
- But this counts multiple hits in one event

# $\gamma$ AND $e^-$ MULTIPLICITIES



Presumably depends on what's in the physics list...

# $\gamma$ MULTIPLICITIES



60 events of 500000  $e^-$  on target w/ vertices downstream: 35 hadronics, 18 external mollers (beam pipe), 6 internal mollers, 1 other (bremsstrahlung)



# CONCLUSIONS

- Baffles, beam line, shielding need to be optimized to stay out of Moller region
- Consider shortening target to reduce internal Mollers
- Significant background from hadronic events — How well can we model this?

# $\gamma$ BG AND e- EFFICIENCY

## Real baffles & beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	34483	18488	307	0.89
Plane 2	15619	6846	193	1.2
Plane 3	9820	5046	120	1.2
Plane 4	9399	4822	103	1.1

## Krypt baffles, real beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	24514	15849	99	0.4
Plane 2	8798	4919	59	0.67
Plane 3	5024	3550	36	0.72
Plane 4	4793	3418	32	0.67

## Real baffles, krypt beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	19947	15831	129	0.65
Plane 2	8725	5866	119	1.4
Plane 4	5396	3912	58	1.1

## Real baffles, real wide beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	22775	17814	228	1
Plane 2	10075	6479	114	1.1
Plane 3	7363	5152	69	0.94
Plane 4	7068	4944	76	1.1

## Real baffles, krypt wide beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	21276	17349	166	0.78
Plane 2	9038	6102	132	1.5
Plane 3	6597	4841	40	0.61
Plane 4	6394	4671	64	1

## Krypt baffles & beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	15965	15495	91	0.57
Plane 2	4635	4566	25	0.54
Plane 3	3436	3401	15	0.44
Plane 4	3314	3281	15	0.45

## Real baffles, no inner ring, real wide beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	22702	18505	192	0.85
Plane 2	9733	6711	106	1.1
Plane 3	7156	5359	67	0.94
Plane 4	6869	5117	75	1.1

## Krypt 1st baffle, no inner ring, real wide beamline

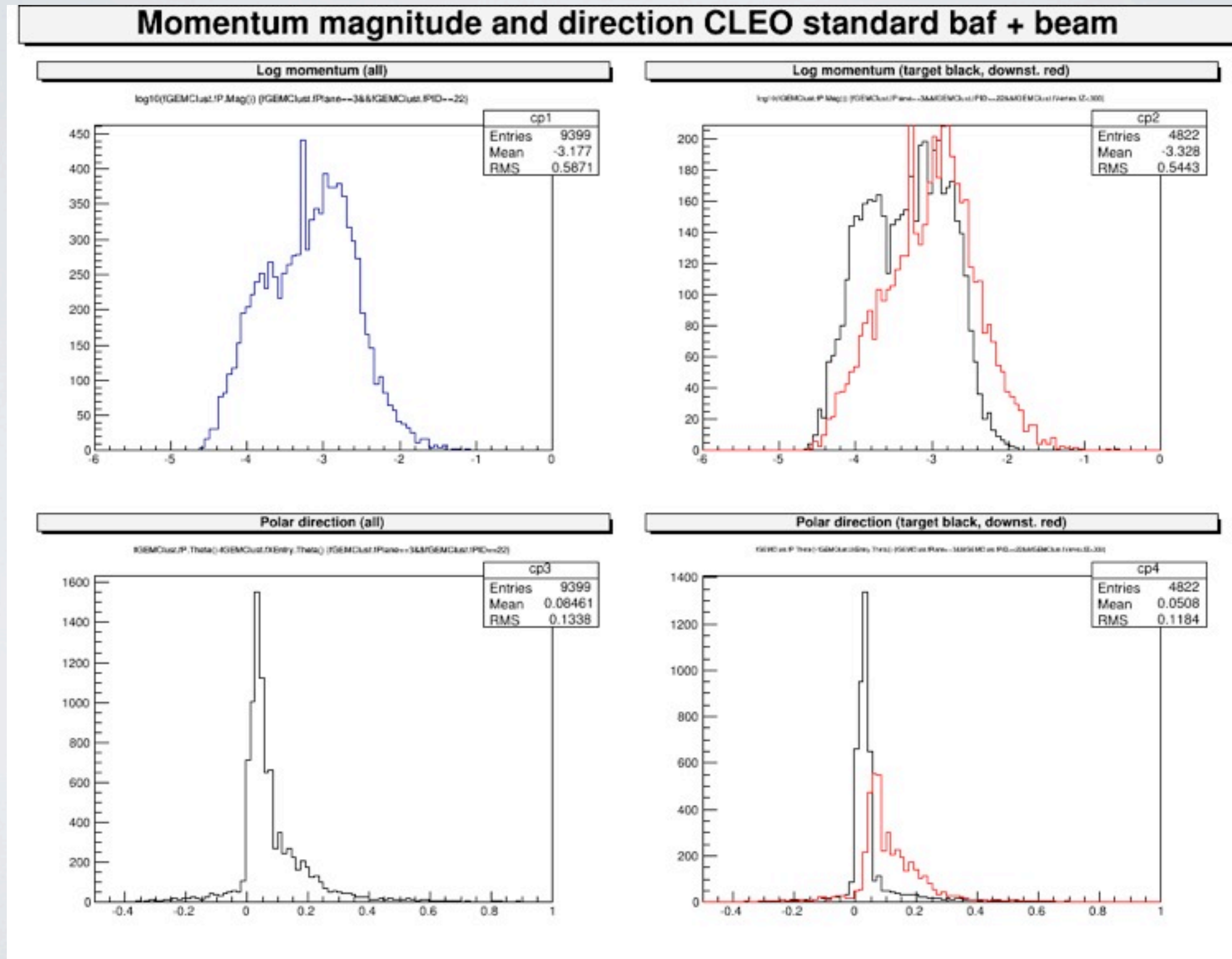
	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	19377	17557	191	0.99
Plane 2	7474	6116	101	1.4
Plane 3	5543	4755	38	0.69
Plane 4	5286	4539	48	0.91

## Krypt 1st baffle, no inner ring, tungsten baffles, real wide beamline

	gamma (all)	gamma (targ)	e-	eff (%)
Plane 1	18677	17169	120	0.64
Plane 2	6856	5852	96	1.4
Plane 3	5262	4690	34	0.65
Plane 4	5021	4474	38	0.76



# STANDARD CLEO BEAMLINE AND BAFFLES

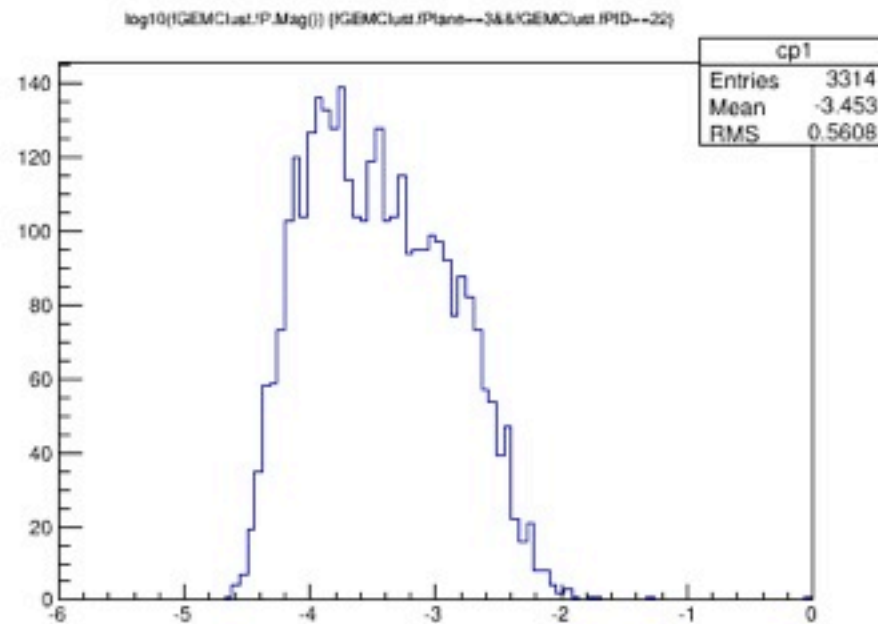




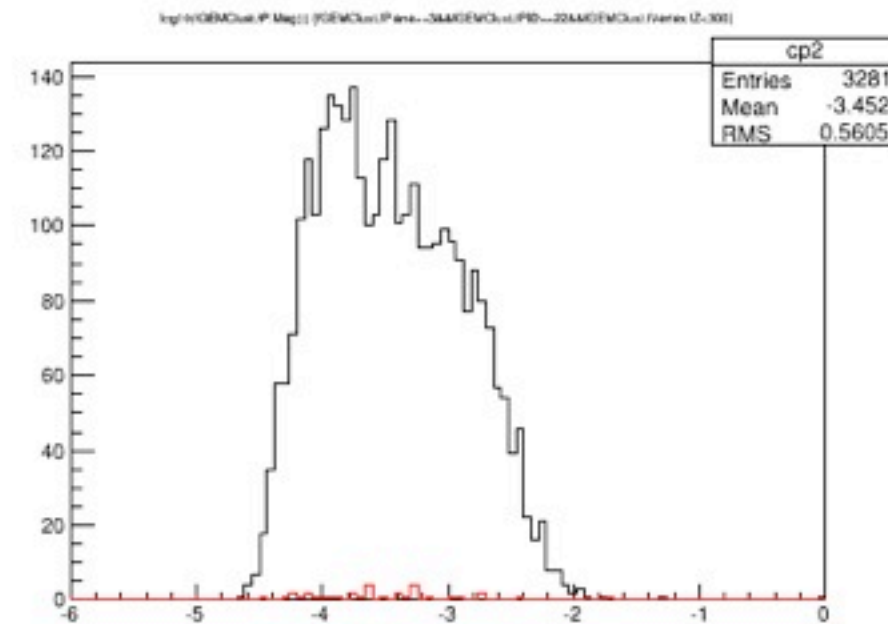
# KRYPTONITE CLEO BEAMLINE AND BAFFLES

## Momentum magnitude and direction CLEO krypt baf + beam

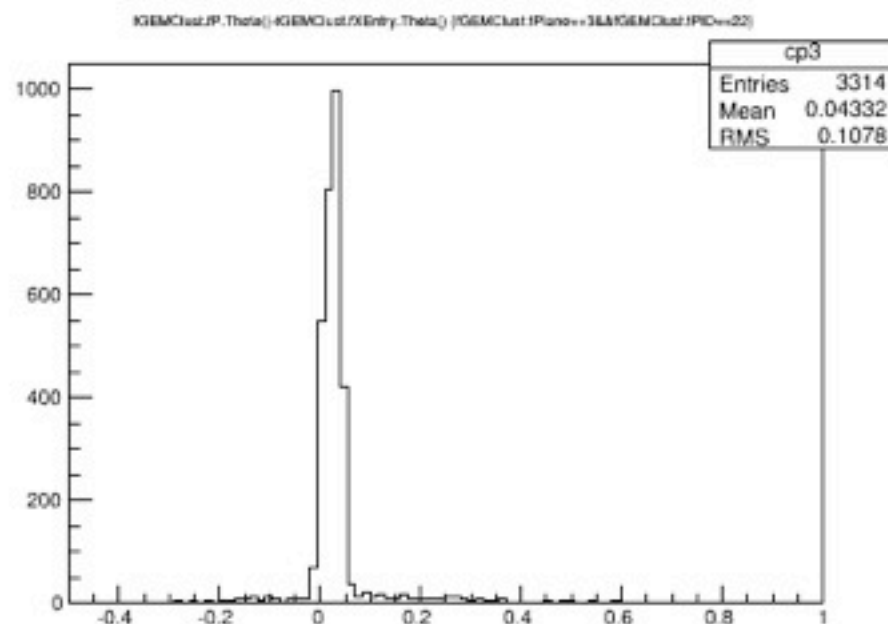
Log momentum (all)



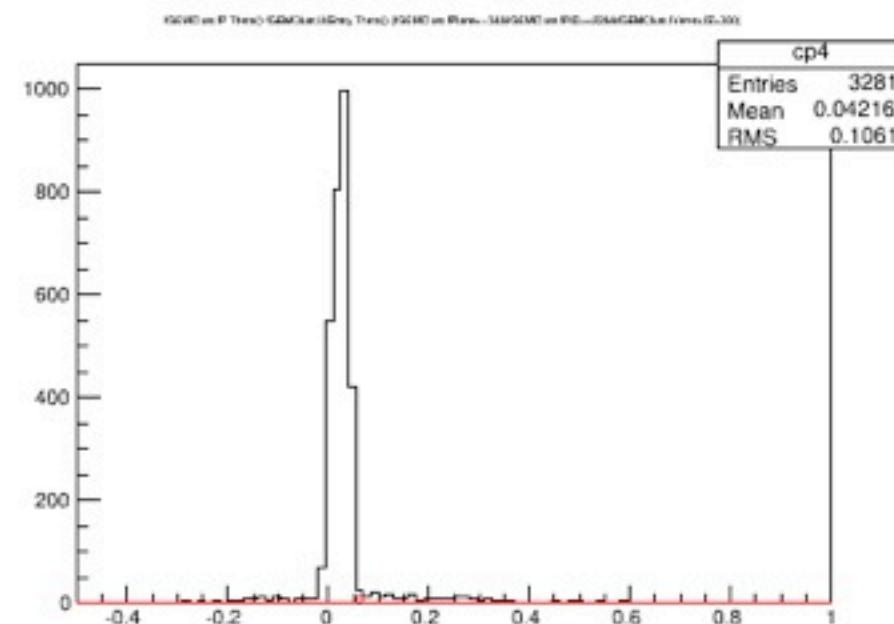
Log momentum (target black, downst. red)



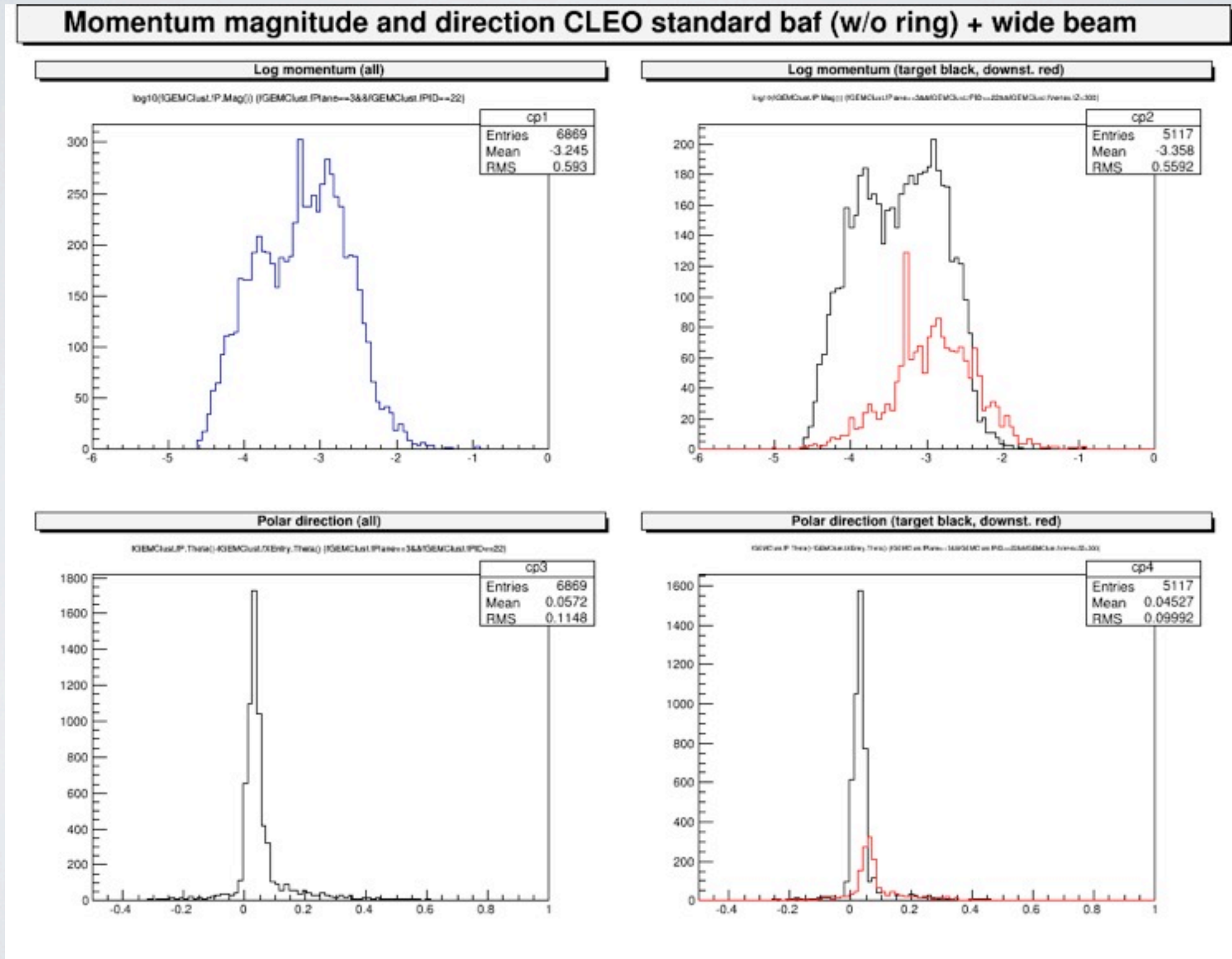
Polar direction (all)



Polar direction (target black, downst. red)



WIDE (ALUMINUM) BEAMLINE, STANDARD  
BAFFLES, NO INNER RING ON FIRST



# WIDE (ALUMINUM) BEAMLINE, STANDARD BAFFLES, KRYPT+NO INNER RING ON FIRST

