SoLID/PVDIS 6.6 GeV

Rich Holmes Syracuse University 14 Nov 2017 Simulation Meeting (updated)

Kinematics — 11 and 6.6 GeV

DIS generator, all primaries p > 0.5 GeV (cf. Proposal Fig. 3.1)



Acceptance — 11 GeV

PVDIS acceptance

Geometric acceptance only (requires passage through GEM, LGC, and EC flux detectors)

PVDIS acceptance



~40–50% for W > 2 GeV, X > 0.55, Q² > 6 GeV

Acceptance — 6.6 GeV

PVDIS acceptance

Geometric acceptance only (requires passage through GEM, LGC, and EC flux detectors)

PVDIS acceptance



~30% for W > 2 GeV, X > 0.45, Q² > 3.5 GeV

PVDIS asymmetry uncertainty (from Directors Review response)

PVDIS Asymmetry Uncertainty (%)



Green: 11 GeV Cyan: 6.6 GeV

W > 2 GeV





Updated since meeting: added ratio plot





Occupancies: Divided strips and dead HV regions



Similar to 11 GeV: DIS (W > 2 GeV, X > 0.45, Q² > 3.5 GeV) outside dead regions, BG in dead regions for downstream GEMs only, division segments for upstream GEMs look reasonable

Occupancies

Occupancies look similar to 11 GeV, but decreased by 0–20%. Divided strips and dead regions bring high occupancies down to manageable levels.



LGC background reduction

DIS: As with 11 GeV, ~10% loss with cones removed; little loss with blinders added. Need Hall D π^0 data for background results

	Rate	Optical photons
Cones, no blinders (standard)	4932.37	113131
Cones, blinders	4727.5	112591
No cones, no blinders	4451.33	109461
No cones, blinders	4442.44	109807



Questions to address

- Trigger rate and Efficiency
 - Requires EC study
- Backgrounds in GEMs, LGC, EC
 - Are blinders and cone removal still effective?
 - $\circ \quad \text{Need Hall D} \ \pi^0$
- Reduce magnetic field?