

SoLID Tracking

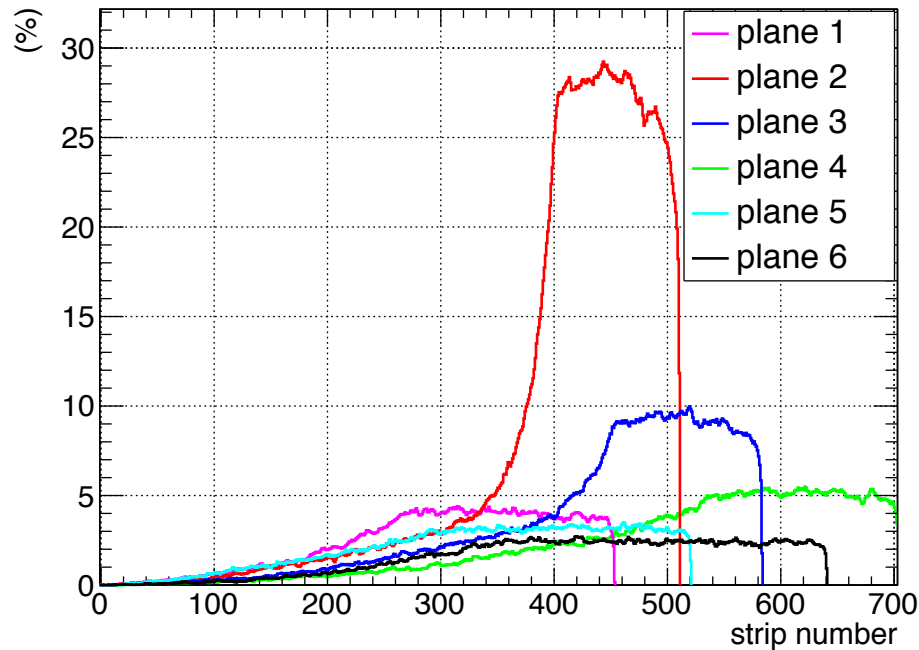
Weizhi Xiong

04/04/2017

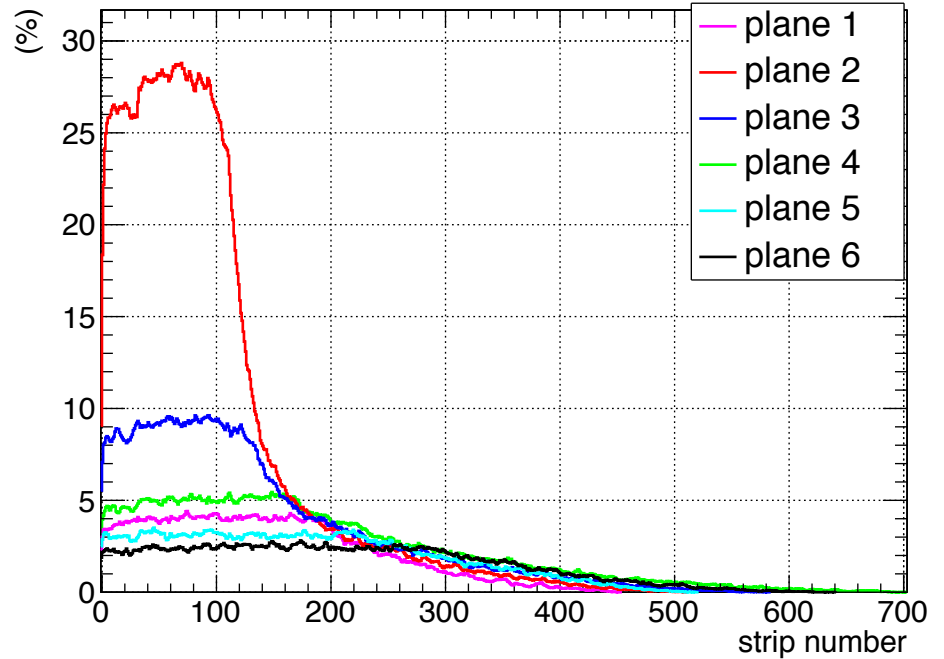
SIDIS occupancy update

- Main difference compare to previous result is the use of the standard form for the GEM signal
- 4 sigma pedestal cut (pedestal sigma = 20.7)
- 2.37 | 7.98 | 3.40 | 2.24 | 2.03 | 1.52 (in %)

SIDIS Occupancy



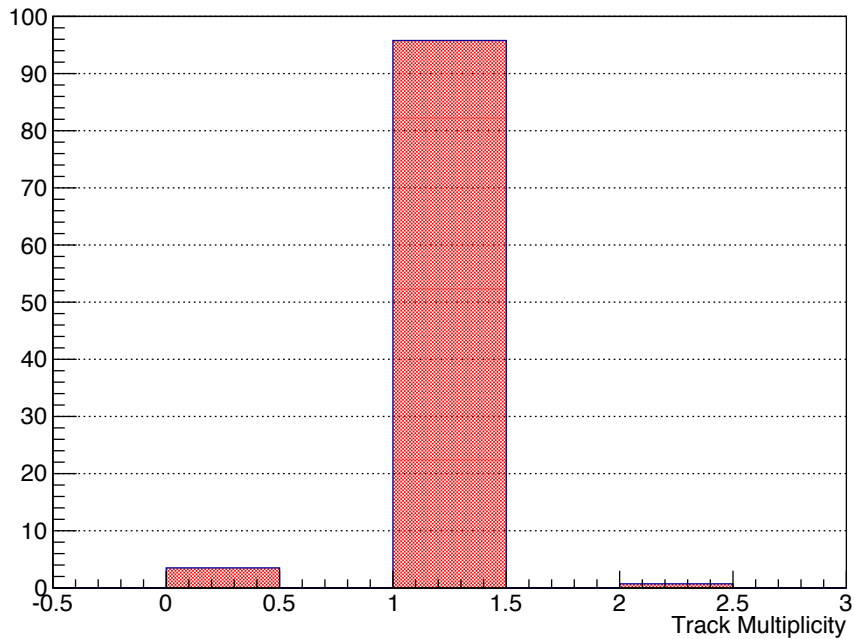
SIDIS Occupancy



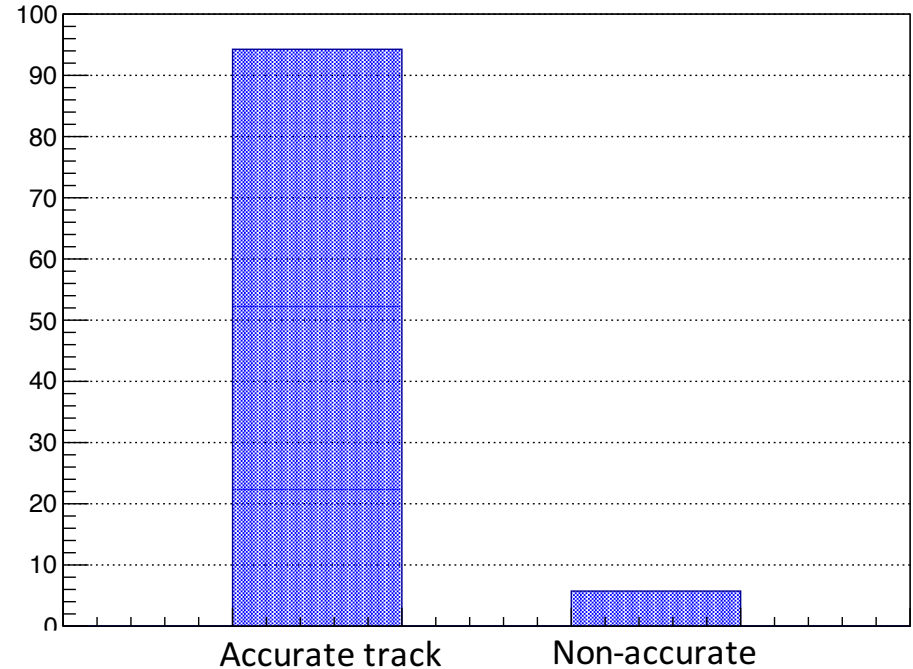
SIDIS efficiency and accuracy (FA)

- Single electron track (generated by eDIS generator) satisfy the FA trigger condition on EC
- Weighted by the DIS cross section

Efficiency



Accuracy

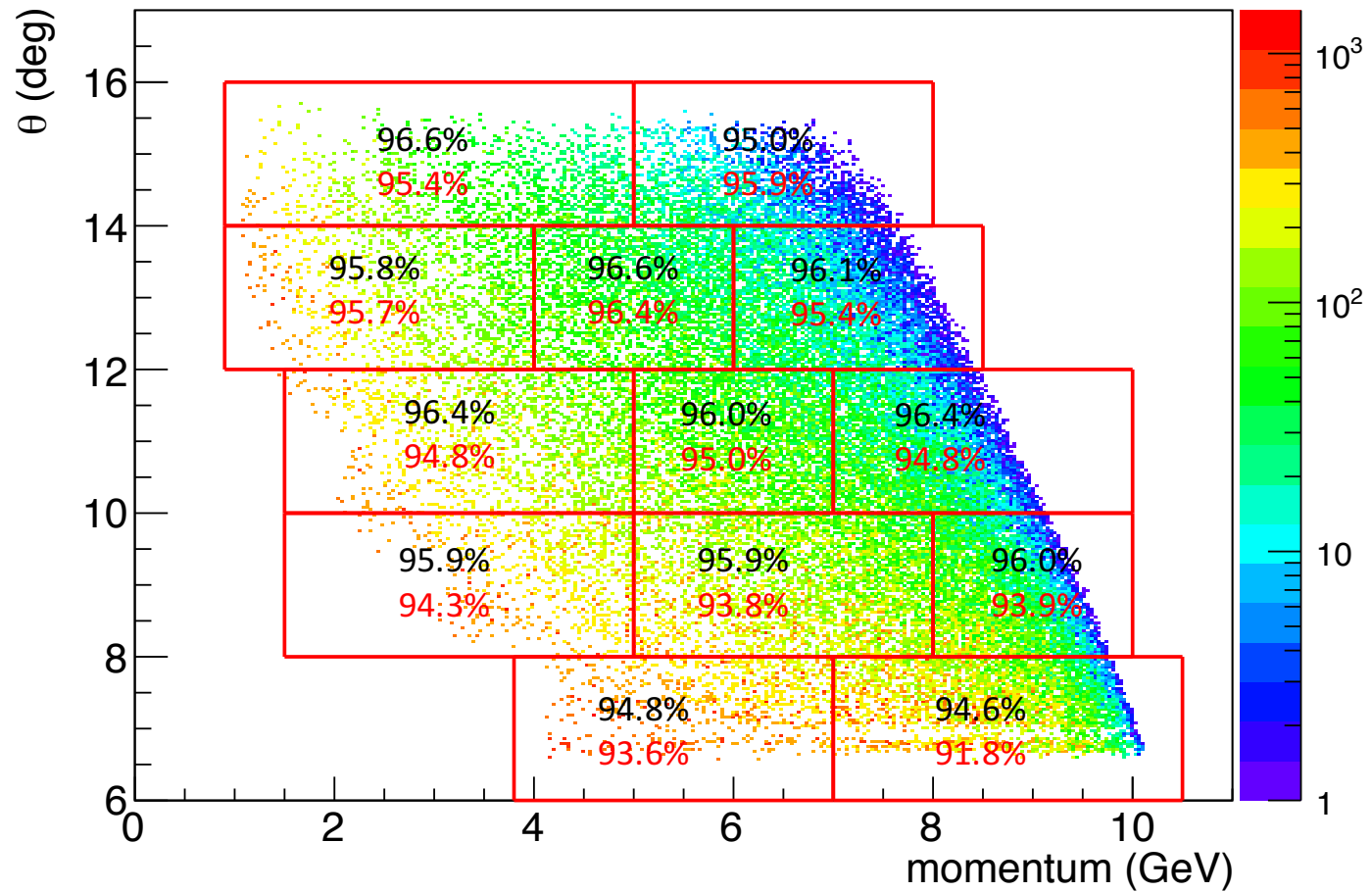


SIDIS efficiency and accuracy (FA)

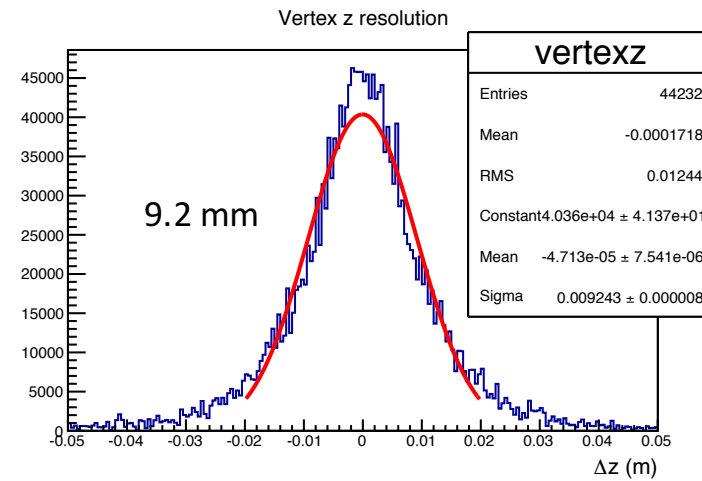
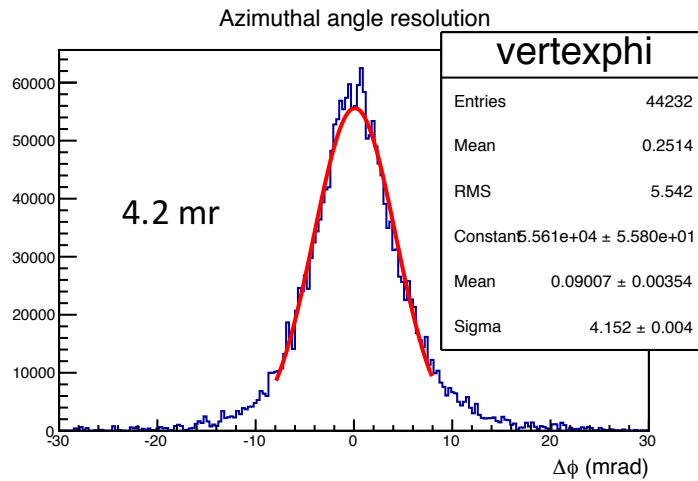
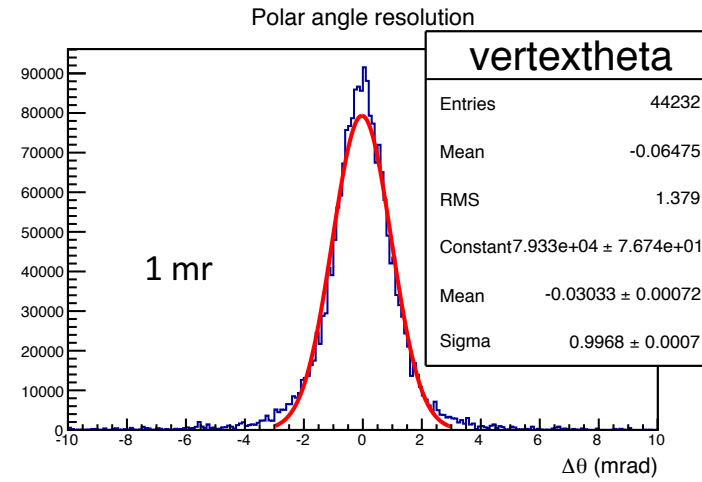
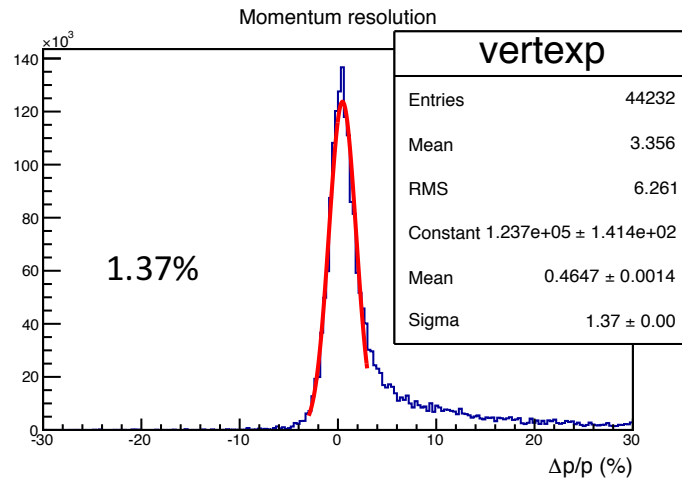
θ vs p

Black number for
efficiency

Rad number for
accuracy

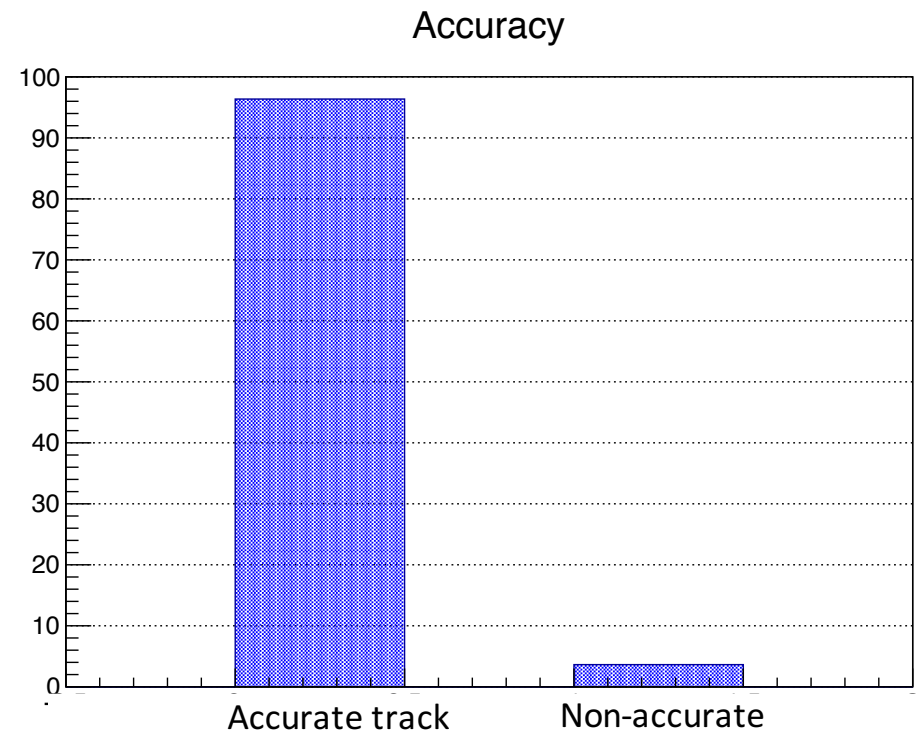
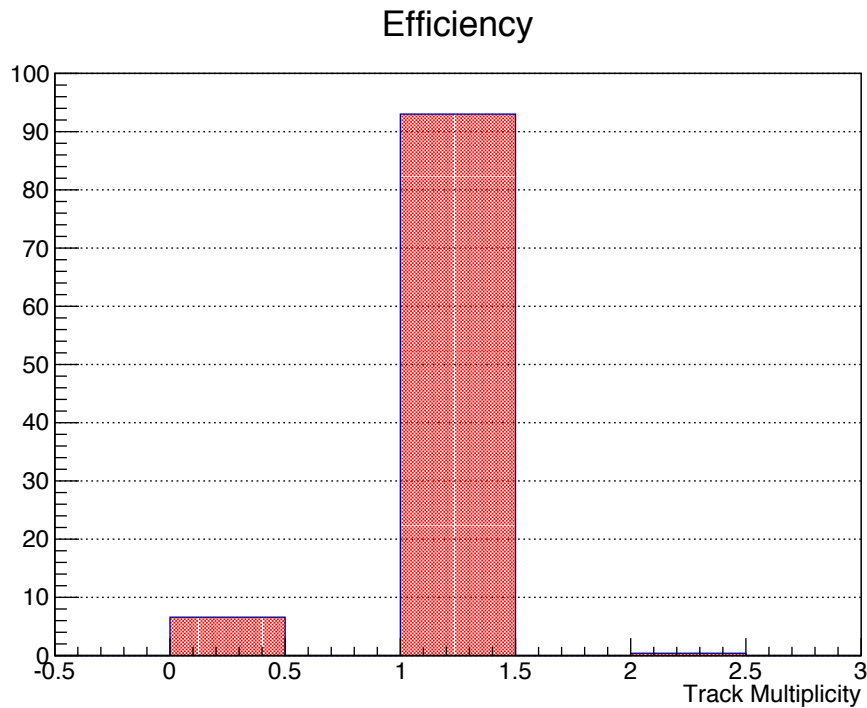


SIDIS Resolution (FA)

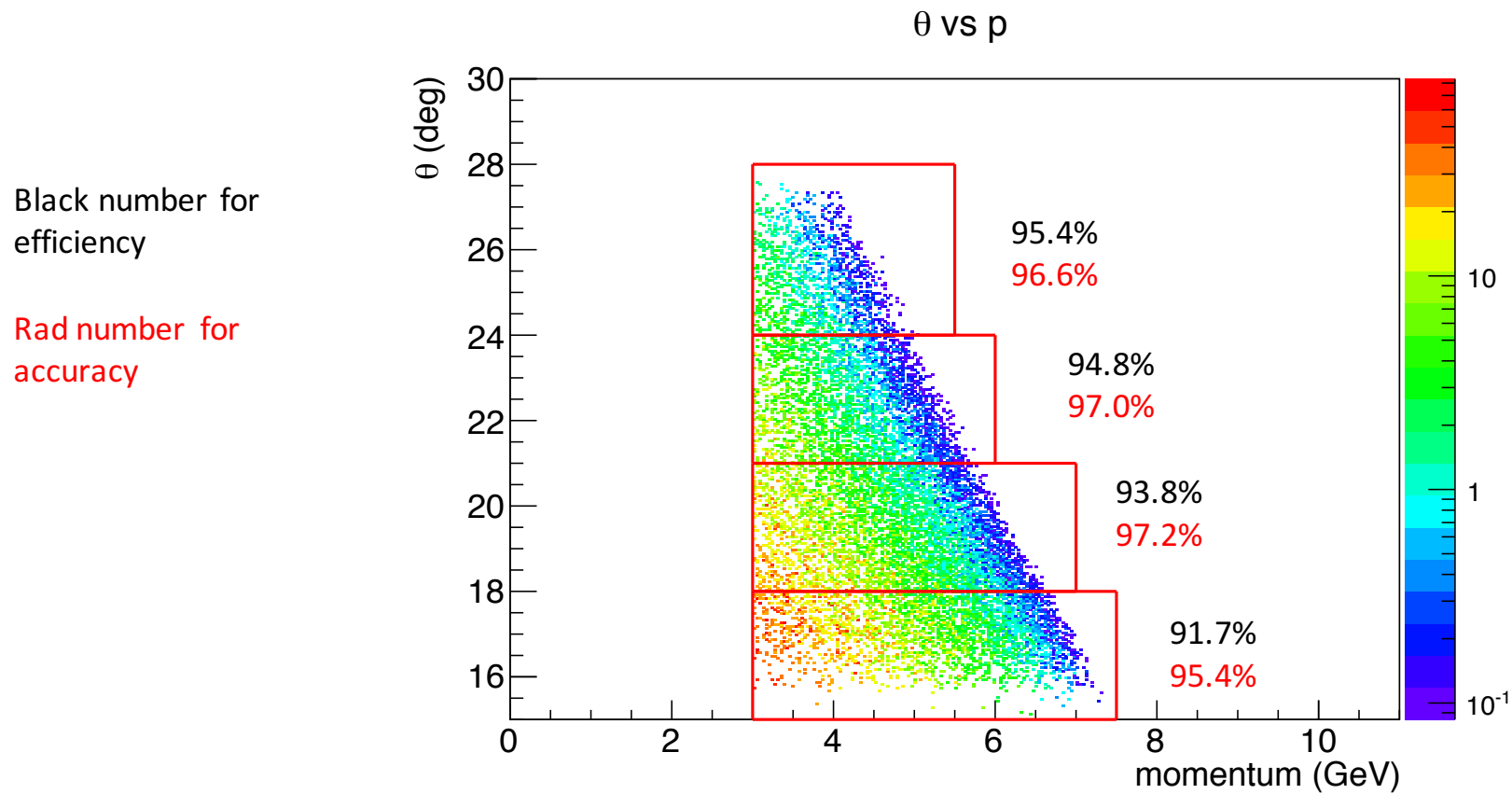


SIDIS efficiency and accuracy (LA)

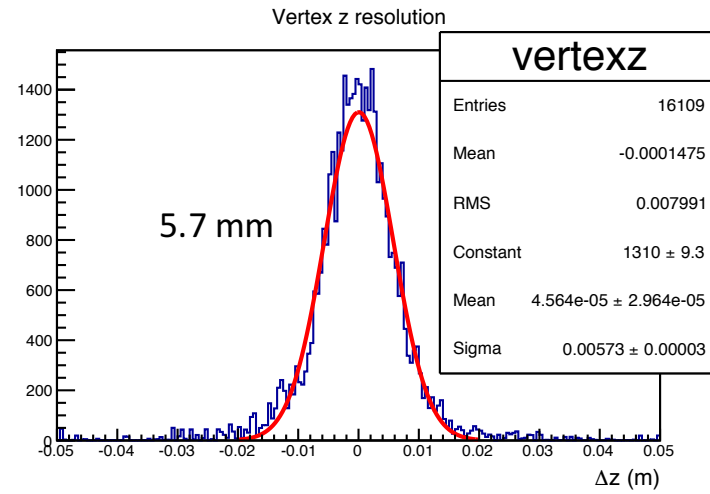
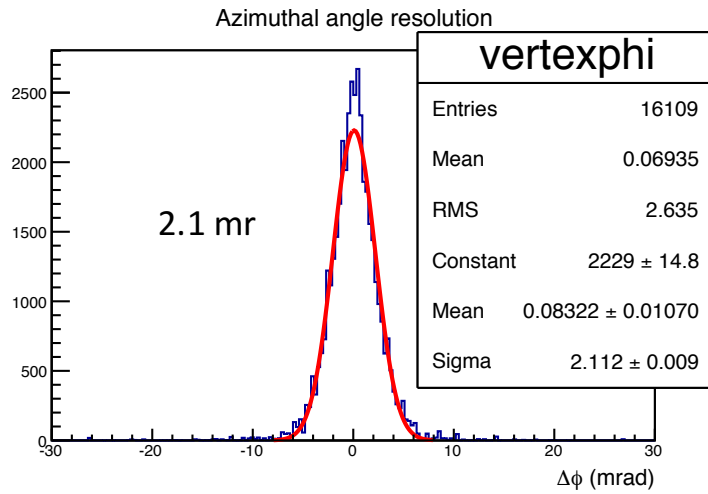
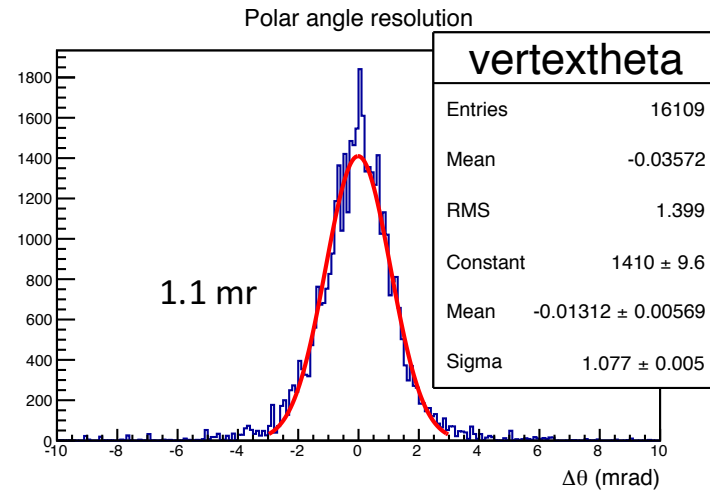
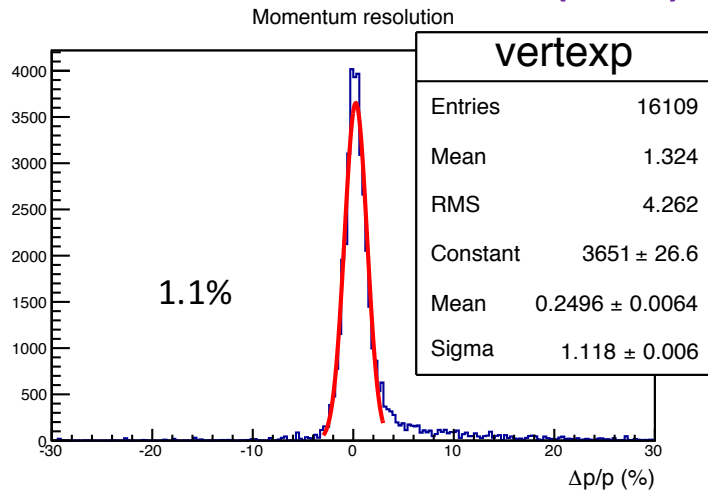
- Single electron track (generated by eDIS generator) satisfy the LA trigger condition on EC
- Weighted by the DIS cross section



SIDIS efficiency and accuracy (FA)



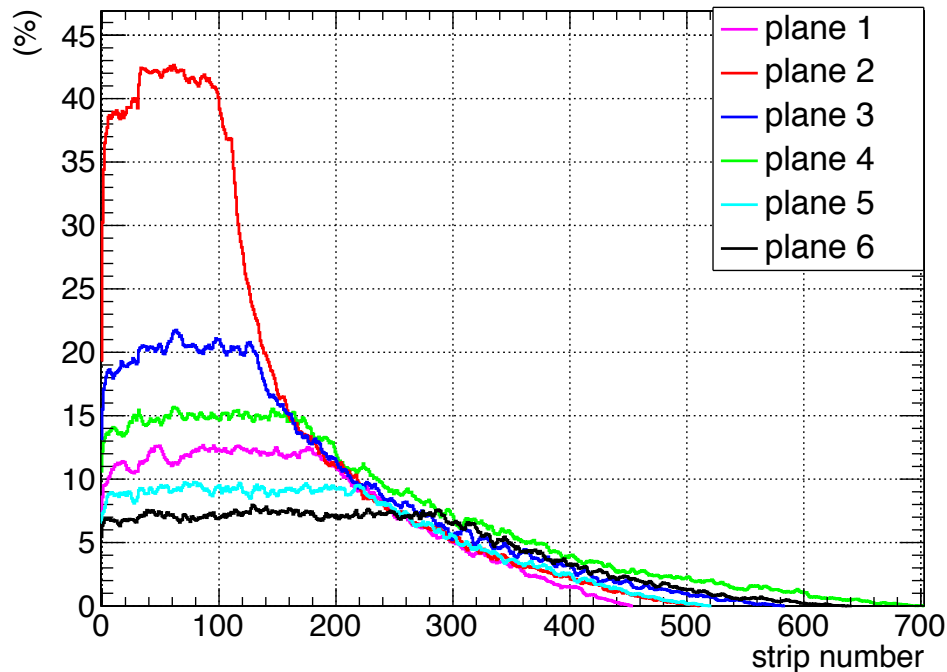
SIDIS Resolution (LA)



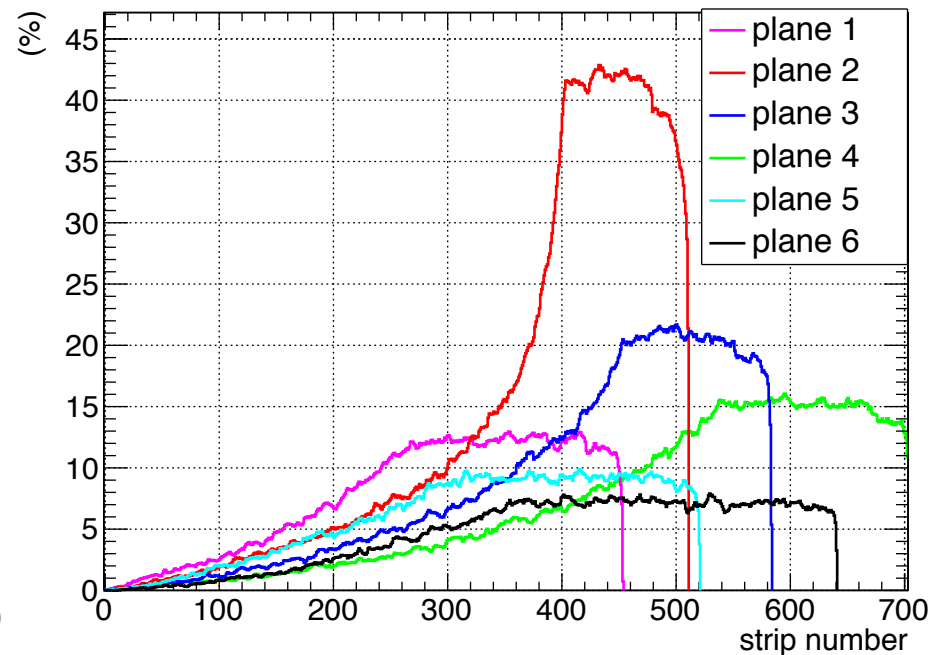
J/ψ occupancy update

- Main difference compare to previous result is the use of the standard form for the GEM signal
- 4 sigma pedestal cut (pedestal sigma = 20.7)
- 7.68 (4.65) | 14.4 (9.28) | 8.82 (5.49) | 7.00 (4.30) | 5.92 (3.78) | 4.58 (2.95) (in %), number in parenthesis after noise cut using 3 samples

J/ψ Occupancy



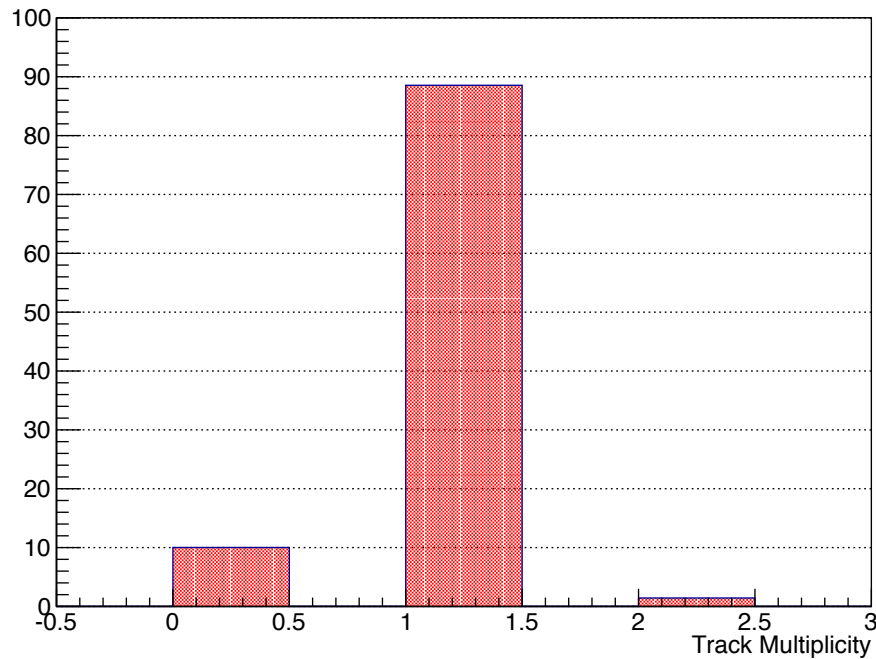
J/ψ Occupancy



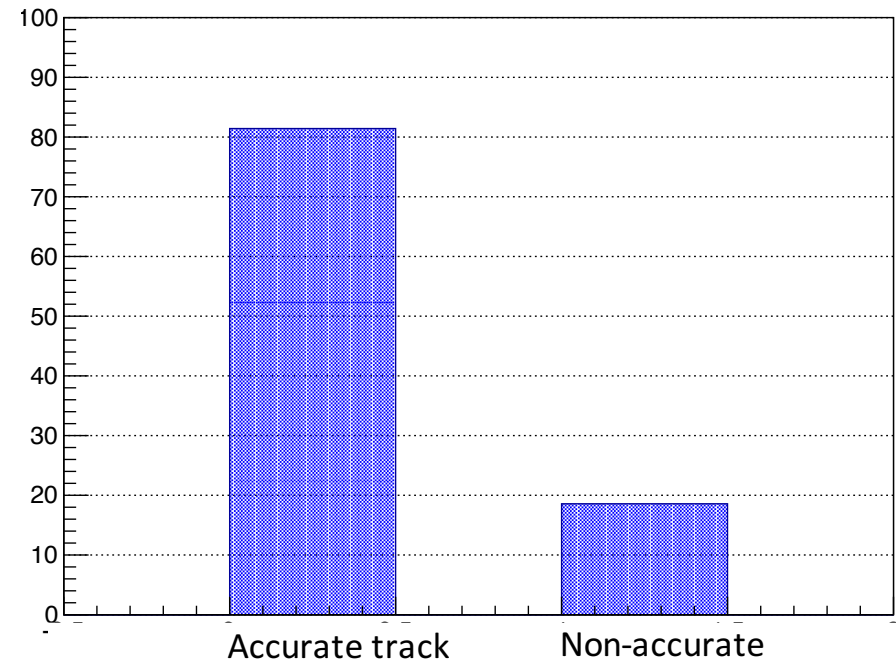
JPsi efficiency and accuracy (FA)

- Single electron track (generated by eDIS generator) with energy deposition > 0.6 GeV on EC
- Weighted by cross section

Efficiency

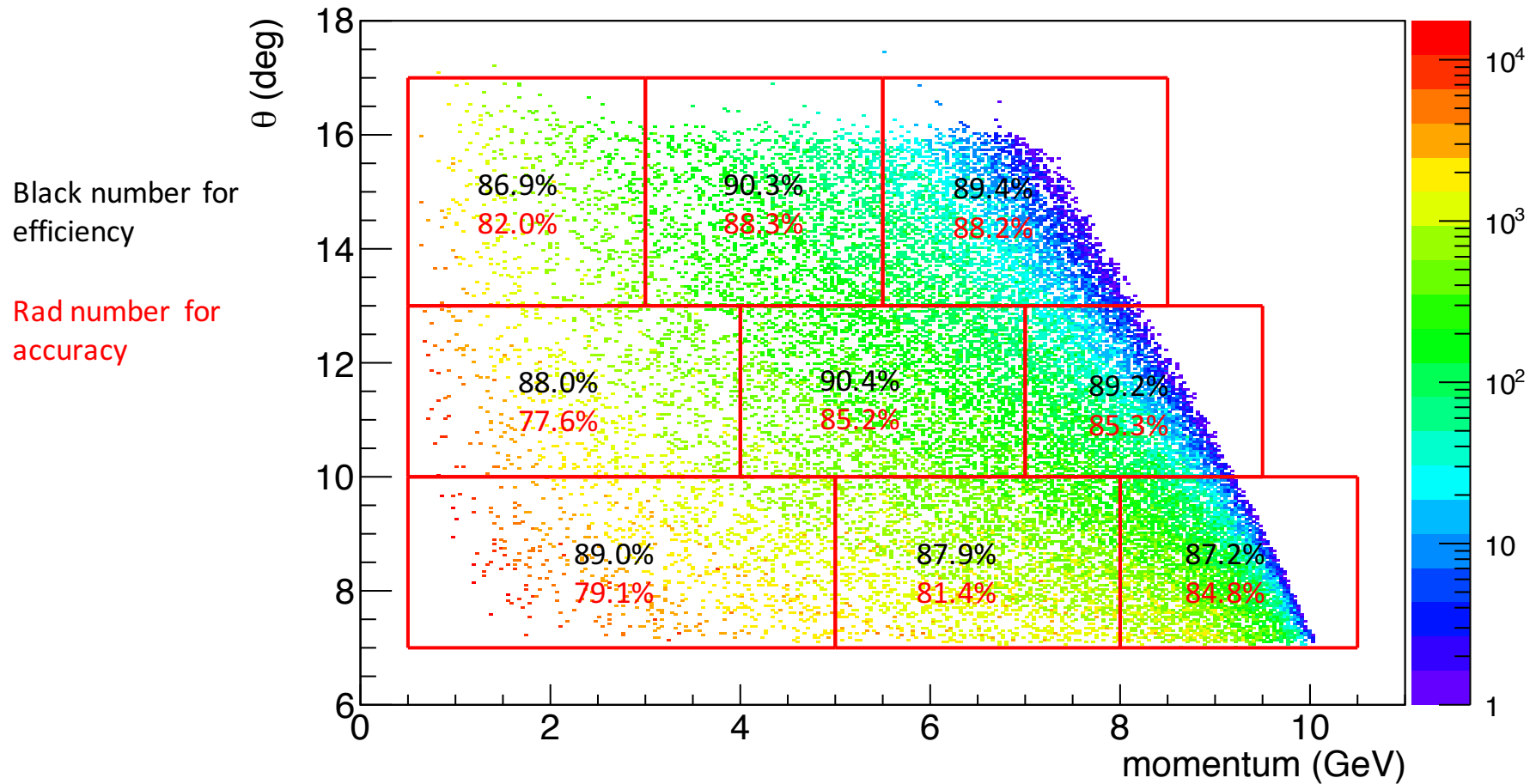


Accuracy

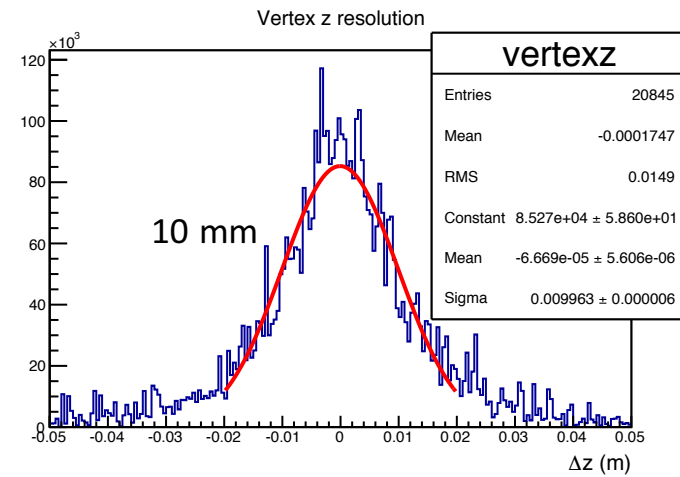
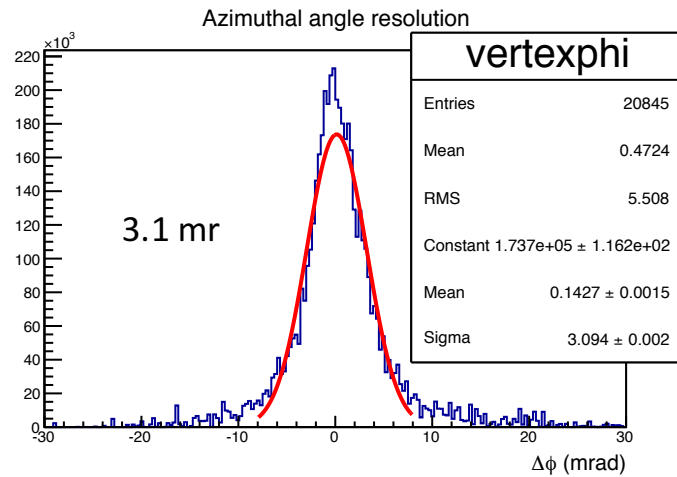
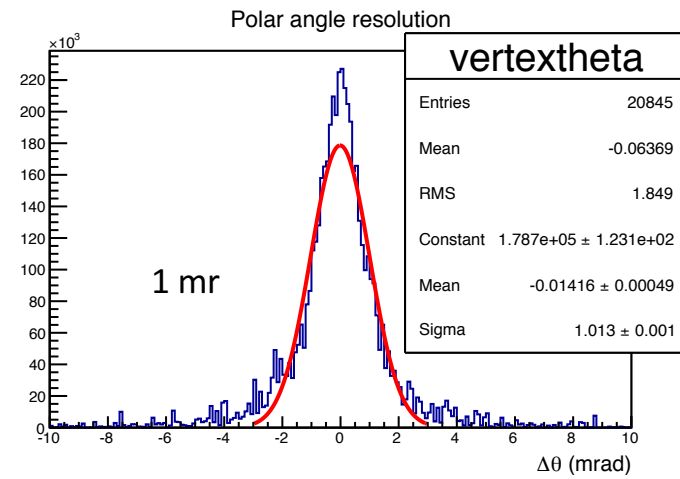
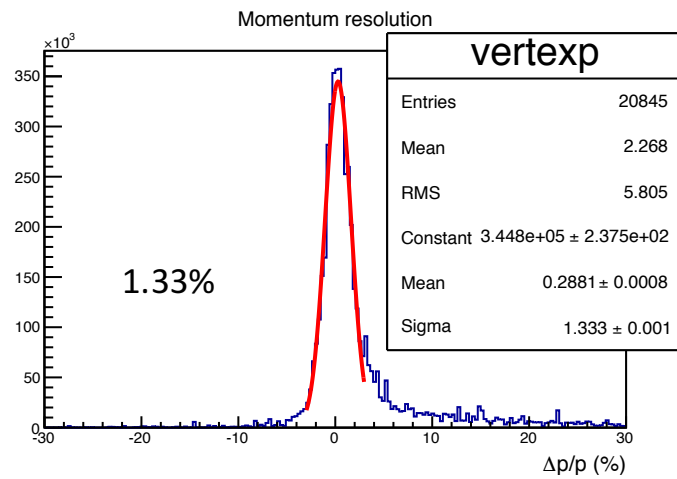


JPsi efficiency and accuracy (FA)

θ vs p



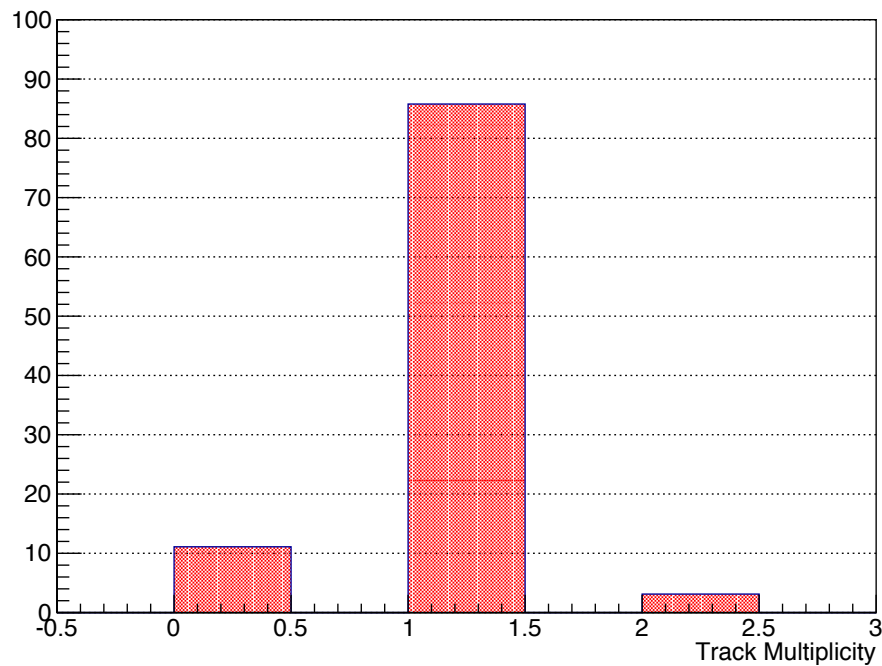
JPsi Resolution (FA)



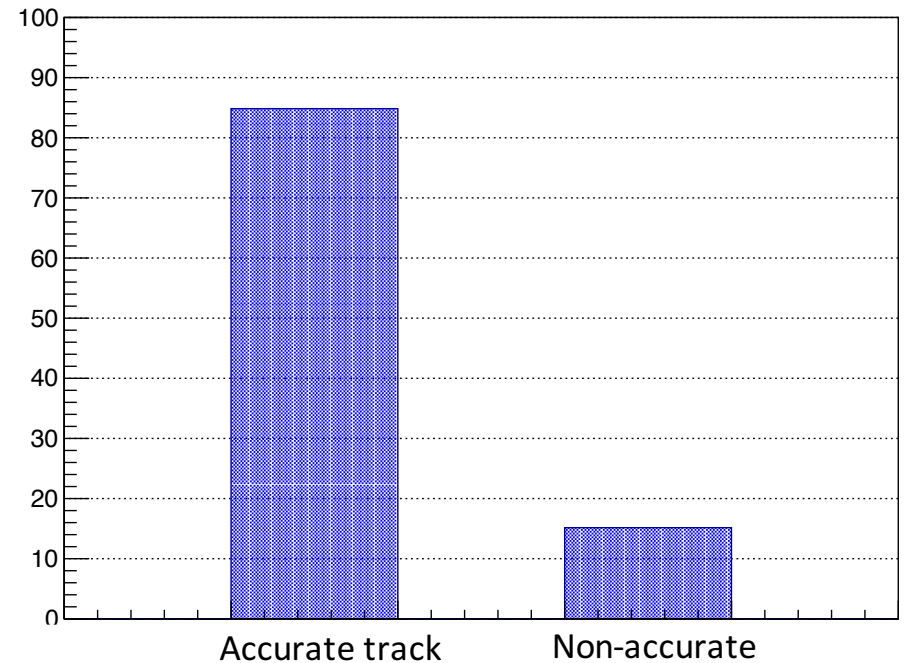
JPsi efficiency and accuracy (LA)

- Single electron track (generated by eDIS generator) satisfy energy deposition > 0.6 GeV on EC
- Weighted by cross section

Efficiency



Accuracy

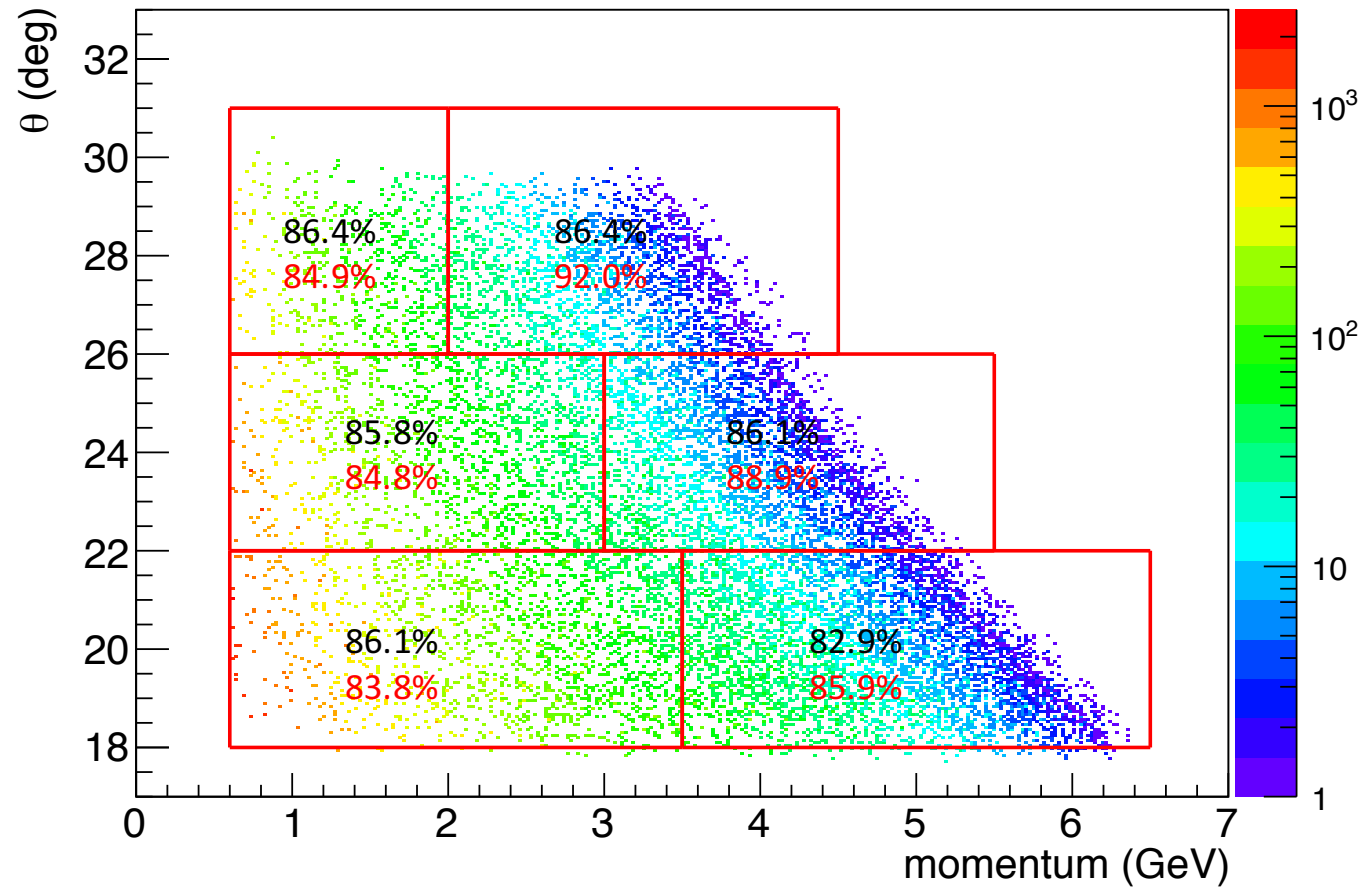


JPsi efficiency and accuracy (FA)

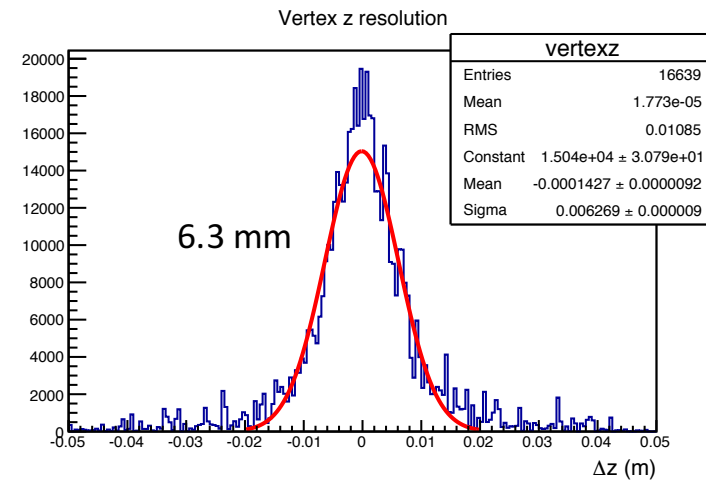
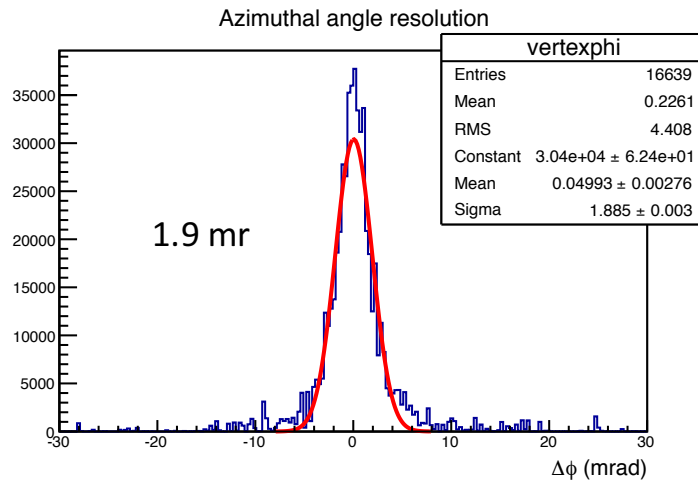
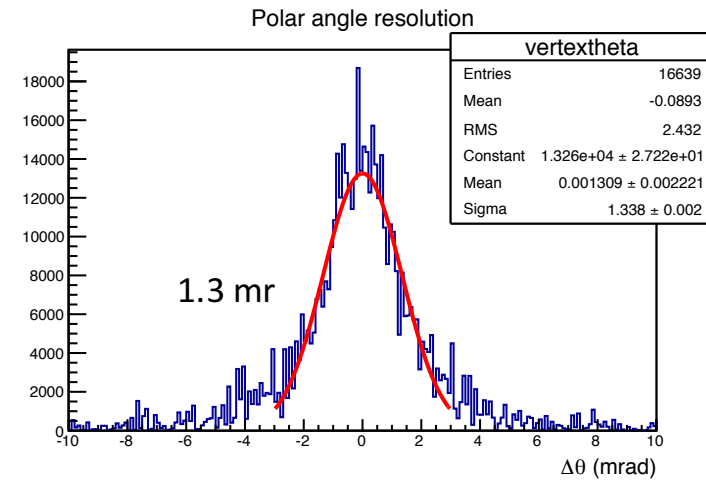
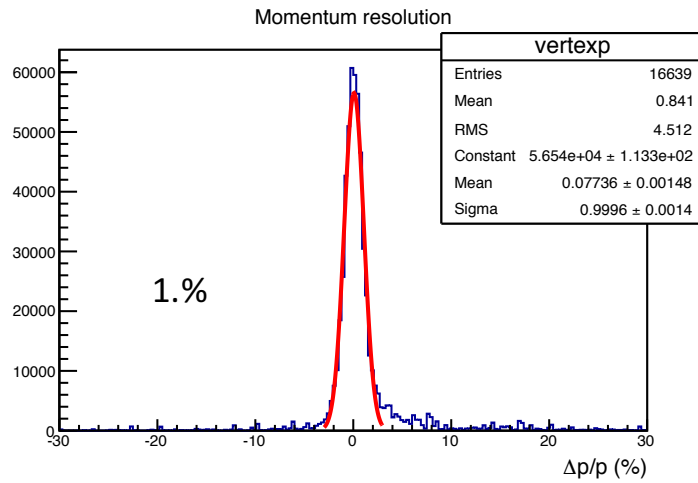
θ vs p

Black number for
efficiency

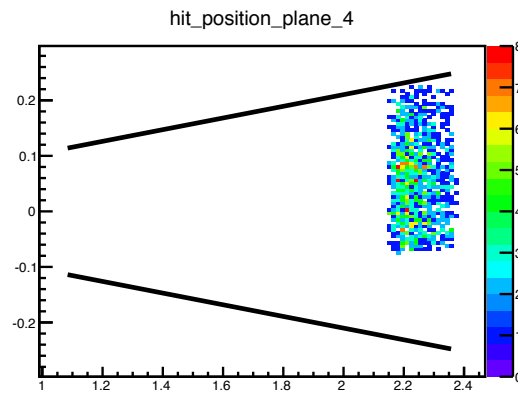
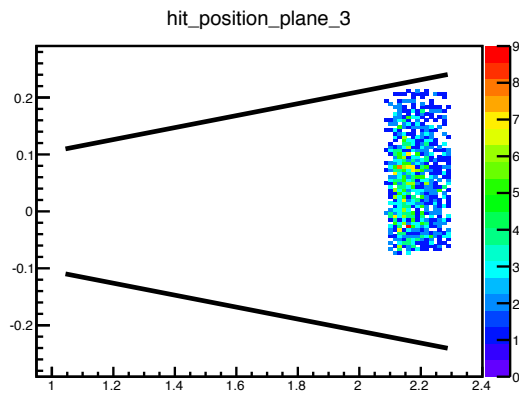
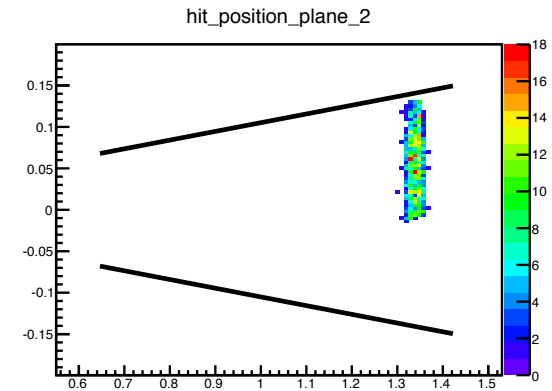
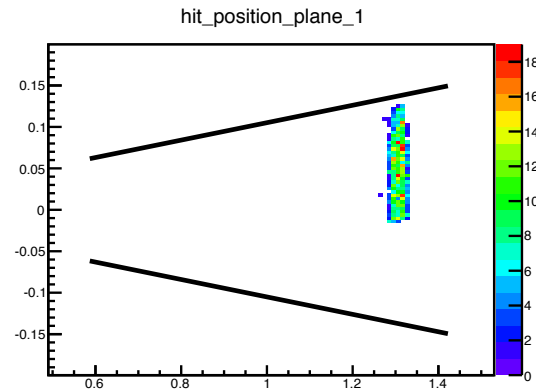
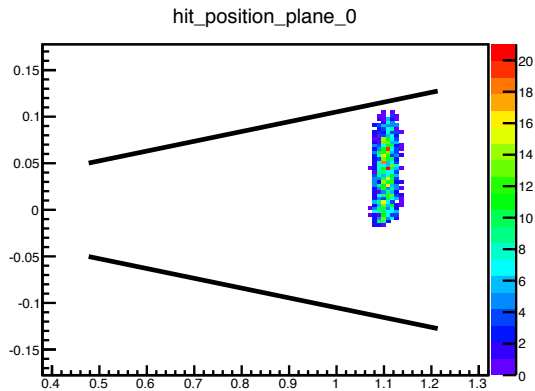
Rad number for
accuracy



JPsi Resolution (LA)



PVDIS tracking in high radial field



Apply the cut:

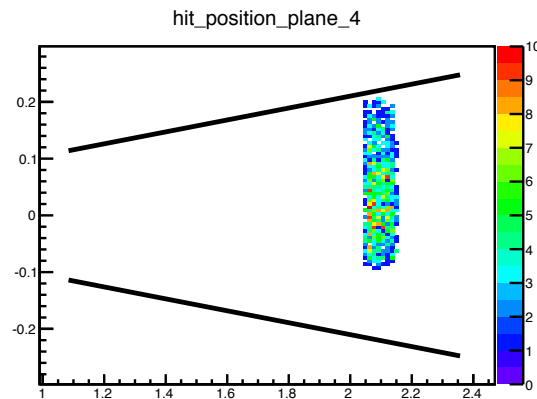
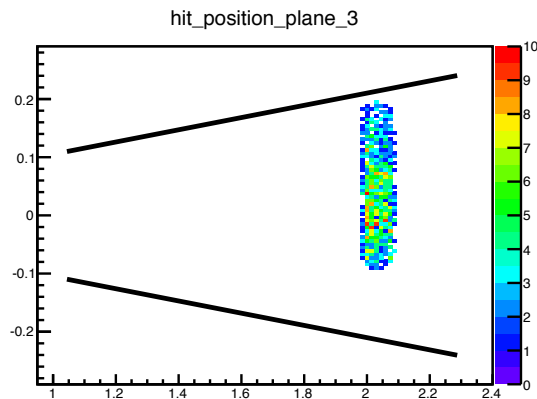
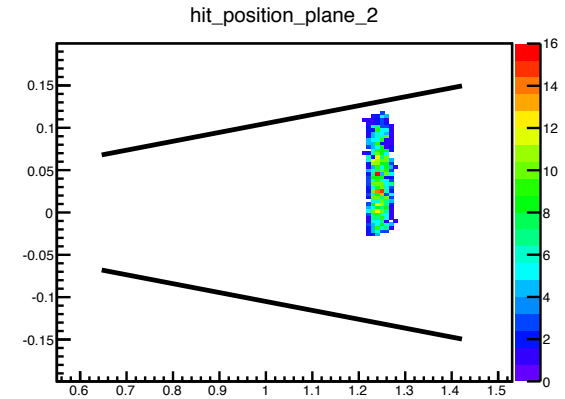
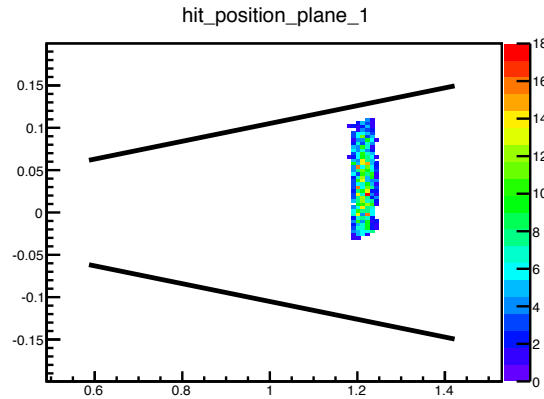
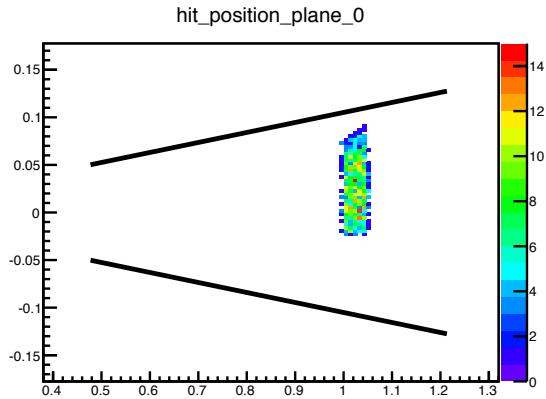
$$\text{drdz} > 0.69 + 0.00035 \cdot v_z + 5e-7 \cdot v_z^2$$

v_z is the vertex z in mm

drdz is the $\Delta r / \Delta z$ for two hits on GEM (picking one on the first and one on the last in this case)

Need more statistics

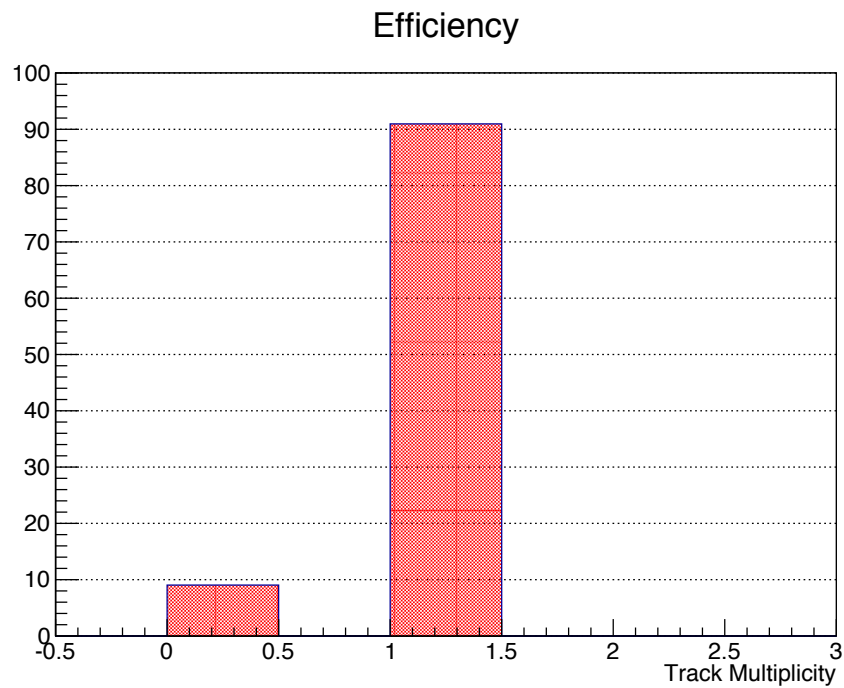
PVDIS tracking in high radial field



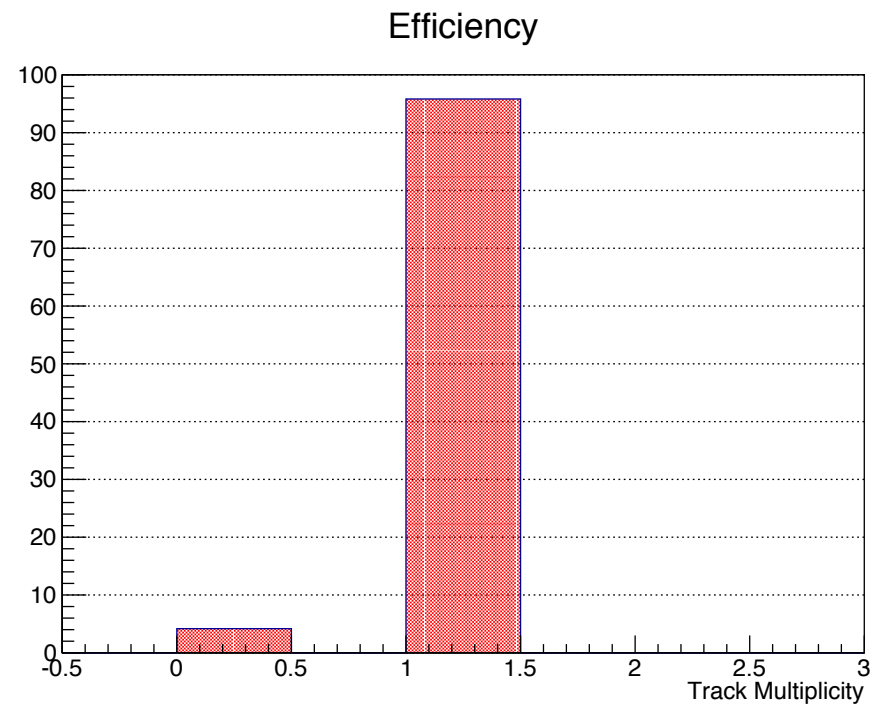
As comparison, select a region that is close enough to the region in the previous page, and look at how that tracking efficiency, accuracy, resolution differ

To select neighboring region
 $1.05 \text{ m} < R < 1 \text{ m}$ on first GEM, and
 $2.05 \text{ m} < R < 2.15 \text{ m}$ on last GEM

High radial field region 0% background



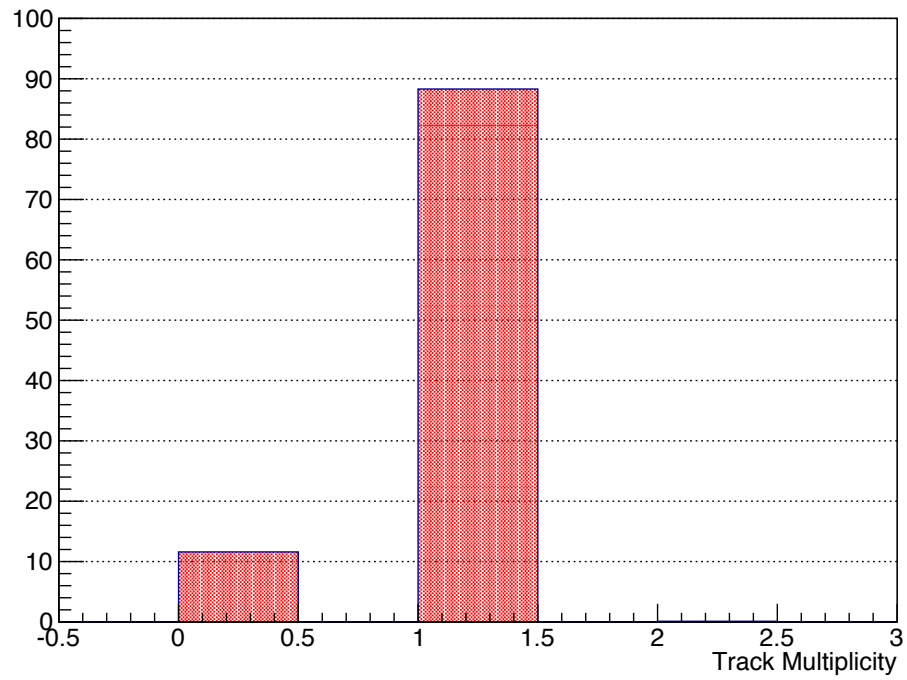
Neighboring region 0% background



Might be able to deal with this if the step size in the propagation is smaller, currently using 20 cm as initial step to ensure a better speed.

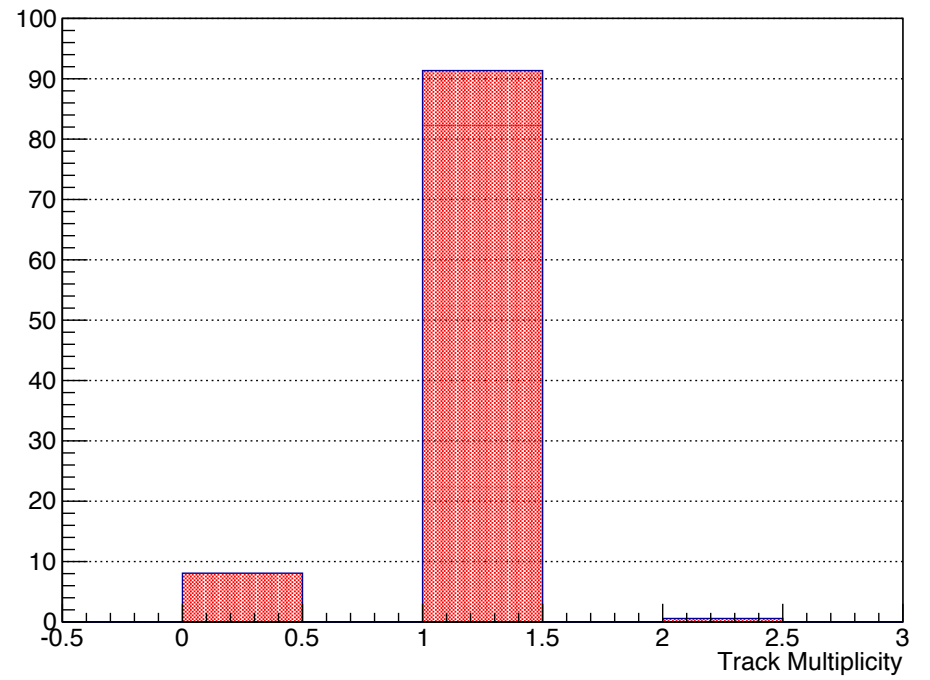
High radial field region 100% background

Efficiency



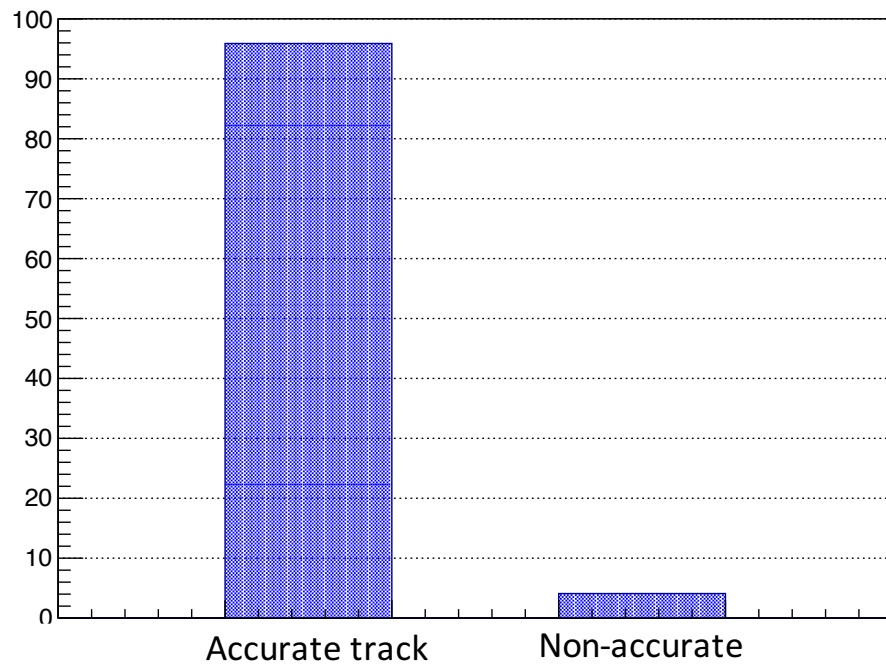
Neighboring region 100% background

Efficiency



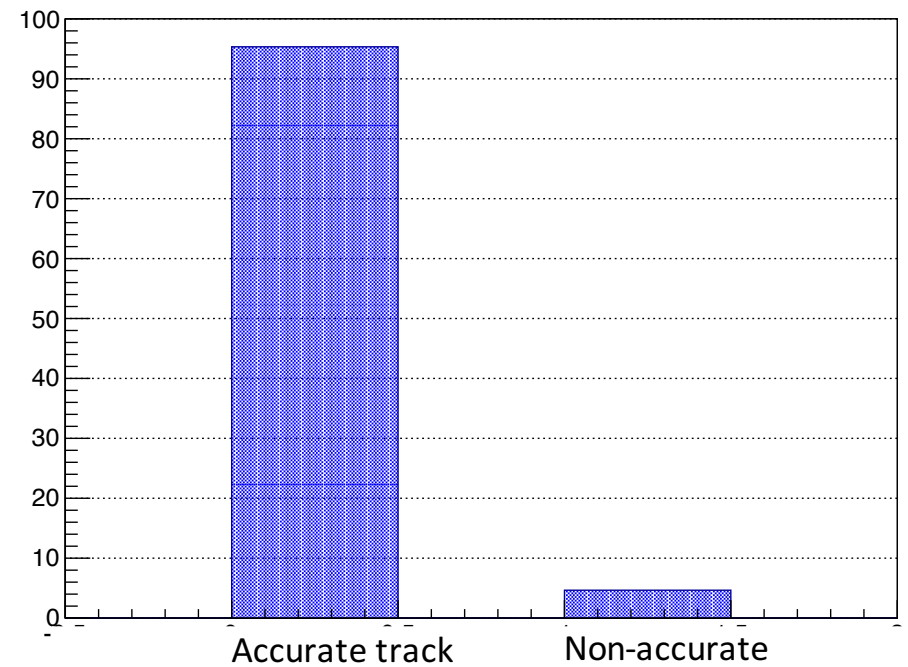
High radial field region 100% background

Accuracy

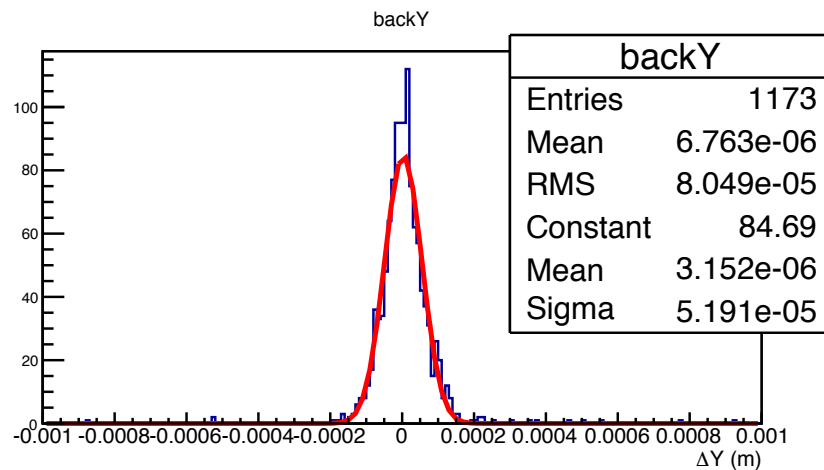
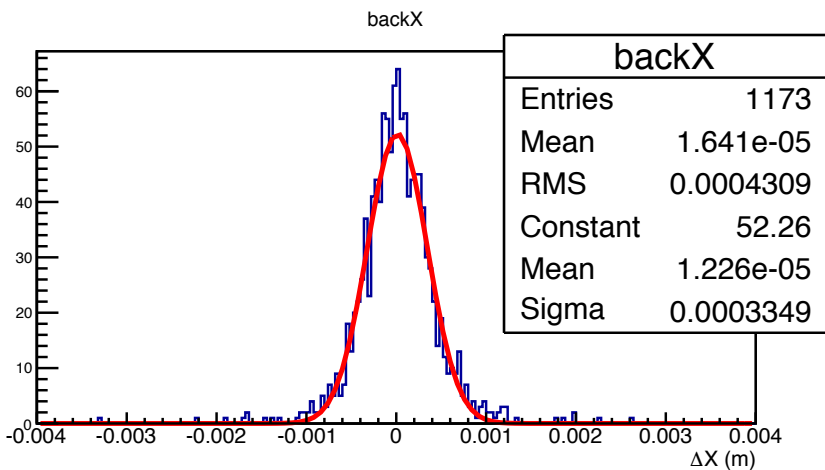
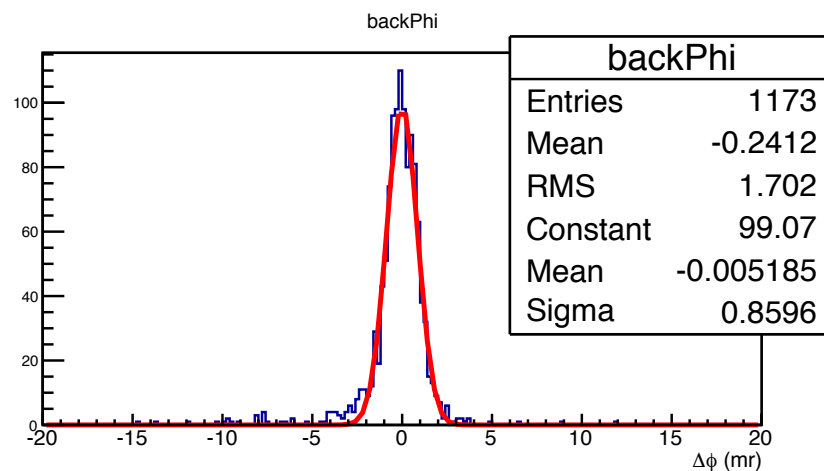
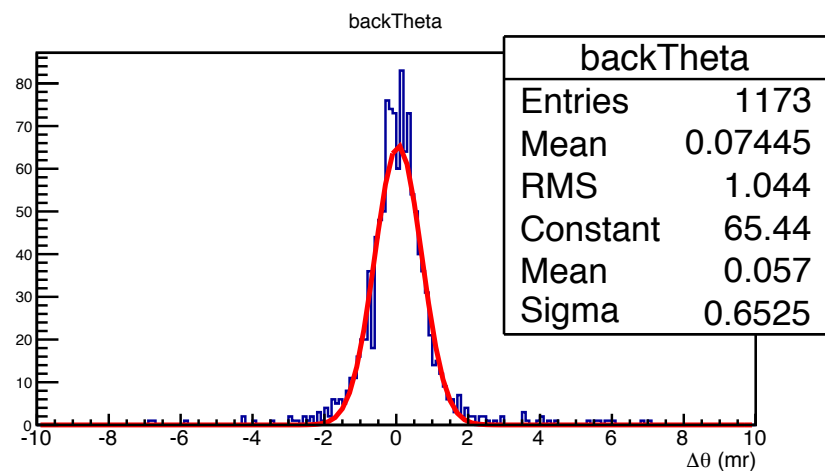


Neighboring region 100% background

Accuracy



High radial field region 0% background



Neighboring region 0% background

